



FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Philby, Burgess and MacLean

PART # 9 of 9

PAGES AVAILABLE THIS PART 247



FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

FILES CONTAINED IN THIS PART

FILE #	PAGES AVAILABLE
<u>Referrals (1947) (1951)</u>	<u>42</u>
<u>April 1956</u>	<u>49</u>
<u>Additional enclosure</u>	<u>56</u>
<u>Released on appeal</u>	<u>100</u>
<u> </u>	<u> </u>
<u> </u>	<u> </u>
<u> </u>	<u> </u>

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : THE DIRECTOR

DATE: June 26, 1951

FROM : D. M. Ladd

SUBJECT: DONALD McLEAN
GUY BURGESS

Admiral Lewis Strauss called metoday and advised that he had been going over some papers at his home this last weekend and that he found that Carroll Wilson, who was General Manager, had given a pass to Donald McLean in November of 1947 which required no escort and permitted McLean to go anywhere in the Atomic Energy headquarters.

Admiral Strauss stated that at the same time, high Army and Navy officials were required to have escorts in going through the building. Admiral Strauss stated that he had a copy of this order among his papers.

I told him we would like to have a copy of this for our files some time. He agreed to furnish it.

DML:dad

*I was always required
to have an escort.*

RECORDED - 25
48-23

JUN 11 1951

3

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : MR. BELMONT *sl*
 FROM : D. M. Ladd
 SUBJECT: DONALD MCLEAN

DATE: July 3, 1951

Admiral Lewis Strauss called on July 3 and advised that he had checked and found that he had a copy of a memorandum authorizing a pass to the AEC Building in his possession, that it was not a signed copy. It read as follows: "November 5, 1947. Authority is hereby given to issue a non-escort badge to Mr. Donald McLean of the British Embassy. (signed) Wilson"

He stated that undoubtedly the original of this would be available in the Atomic Energy files.

DML:dcd

FMC

RECORDED - 26

16 - 43

JUL 11 1951

16

JUL 11 1951

4

4/7

Mr. Bryan F. LaPlante

November 5, 1947

Carroll L. Wilson

Issuance of Non-escort Visitor's Badge to Mr. Ronald Maclean

Authority is hereby given to issue a non-escort visitor's badge
to Mr. Ronald Maclean of the British Embassy.

Sgt. C. L. Wilson
CARROLL L. WILSON

Certified to be a true copy:

Bryan F. LaPlante 11/5/47

Bryan F. LaPlante, Chief
Washington Area Security Operations

5
ENCLOSURE

432

June 22, 1951

UNKNOWN SUBJECT was:

4524

As you are aware, from 1947 until his departure in 1948, Donald Maclean was active in connection with political discussions dealing with atomic energy. We have conducted a number of interviews with persons who were associated with Maclean in connection with discussions had relative to atomic energy.

Mr. Carroll Wilson, the former General Manager of the Atomic Energy Commission who is now connected with the Climax Molybdenum Company in New York City, in an interview stated that he first met Maclean in 1947 at a meeting of the Combined Development Trust, of which Mr. Wilson was Chairman. He said Maclean was not a member of the Trust but was an assistant to Sir Gordon Monroe, the United Kingdom representative. Maclean attended all meetings of the Trust from 1947 until he left the United States. The Trust was composed of the United States, the United Kingdom, and Canadian representatives, and its purpose was to develop information concerning the location and availability of raw materials for atomic production, negotiations for acquiring these raw materials and allocation of the raw materials. The meetings of the Trust occurred intermittently, sometimes two or three times a month, while at other times no meetings would take place for a period of one or two months. Mr. Wilson said Maclean was also the United Kingdom representative on the Combined Policy Committee on which the Secretary of State was Chairman. This Committee discussed policies in the field of atomic energy. Mr. Wilson also recalled that Maclean attended a three-day declassification conference held in October, 1947. The discussions at this conference were limited to atomic energy information held in common by the United States, Canada, and the United Kingdom during the war. A discussion did take place regarding atomic weapons. Mr. Wilson recalled that Dr. Klaus Fuchs also attended this conference. Mr. Wilson stated he never knew Maclean very well, although he met him occasionally at Washington cocktail parties. He also attended a farewell party for Maclean in the latter's home in Washington, D. C. in the summer of 1948, at which forty or fifty people were present.

RECORDED COPY FILED IN

Mr. John E. Gustafson of the M. A. Hanna Company, Cleveland, Ohio, in an interview advised that he was formerly the Manager of the Raw Materials Operation with the Atomic Energy Commission at Washington, D. C. from 1947 to 1949. In that capacity he had meetings with British representatives and recalled that Donald Maclean of the British Embassy attended about six meetings. He said that Maclean took no part in the discussions and appeared to be only an observer.

RECORDED - 135

cc: Legat, London sent 6/24/51
Foreign Service Desk

JUN 25 1951

EX-72

RJL:bc

[REDACTED]

Mr. Algio Aaron Wells, an attorney in the office of the General Counsel of the Atomic Energy Commission, advised that his first contact with MacLean was in April, 1947, when Mr. Wells was attached to the Office of Special Projects of the Atomic Energy Commission. This was a liaison branch of the Atomic Energy Commission which had contacts with foreign governments. MacLean at that time was Secretary of the United Kingdom representation to the Combined Policy Committee which was composed of representatives of the United Kingdom, Canada and the United States, and was concerned with atomic energy matters. The matters dealt with were mainly joint problems dealing with legal matters and joint declassification guides. These guides were in an effort to have an agreement that one government would not publish information which another member of the Combined Policy Committee felt should be kept secret. MacLean, as the United Kingdom's Secretary, was usually in contact with the American Secretary of the Combined Policy Committee who was Special Assistant to the Undersecretary of State at that time. During this period this individual was Mr. Edmund A. Gullion. Mr. Wells stated that he did attend a luncheon which was given for MacLean prior to his departure from the United States. Mr. Wells felt that generally MacLean had in his possession all information concerning atomic energy of a political nature which was made available by the Atomic Energy Commission to the British Embassy. Mr. Wells did not feel that MacLean had scientific information concerning atomic energy matters available to him because such matters were not handled by the British Embassy.

Mr. Roy B. Snapp was interviewed and advised that he had been Chief of the Office of Special Projects since the inception of the Atomic Energy Commission and had become Secretary of the Commission in September or October, 1947. He said that his contacts with MacLean began in January, 1947, and terminated upon his being named Secretary of the Atomic Energy Commission. Mr. Snapp described MacLean as the British Secretary of the Combined Policy Committee, in which capacity MacLean acted as a liaison agent between the British Embassy and the Atomic Energy Commission. Mr. Snapp stated that MacLean was Secretary to the British Delegation of the Combined Policy Committee and stated that in this position MacLean would have been aware of what was going on at the highest levels regarding matters of policy in connection with atomic energy.

[REDACTED] 7

June 11, 1951

SAC, NEW YORK

URGENT

URGUS, WAS: ~~REDACTED~~, EXP-R. ~~REDACTED~~

IT HAS BEEN DETERMINED THAT MacLEAN WAS ON POLICY COMMITTEE SET UP BETWEEN BRITISH, CANADA, AND U.S. RE ATOMIC ENERGY. MacLEAN REPORTEDLY HAD INFO ON ALLOCATION URANIUM ORES, ATOMIC PRODUCTION AND EXCHANGE OF TECHNICAL INFO. HE ATTENDED DECLASSIFICATION CONFERENCE IN FORTYSEVEN WHICH ALSO WAS ATTENDED BY FUCHS. (RECORDS AEC REFLECT HE VISITED CARROLL L. WILSON, FORMER GENERAL MANAGER, AEC, ON NUMEROUS OCCASIONS DURING FORTYSEVEN AND FORTYEIGHT. WILSON BELIEVED PRESENTLY CONNECTED WITH CLIMAX POLYEDRUM CO., FIVE HUNDRED FIFTH AVENUE, NYC. ~~REDACTED~~ ~~REDACTED~~ HE SHOULD BE INTERVIEWED IN THIS INSTANCE HOWEVER TO DETERMINE EXTENT TO WHICH MacLEAN HAD ACCESS TO ATOMIC ENERGY INFO. THIS INTERVIEW SHOULD BE HANDLED BY EXPERIENCED AGENT WHO SHOULD BE VERY CIRCUMSPECT IN HIS CONTACT WITH WILSON. ~~REDACTED~~

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : MR. BELMONT

DATE: June 11, 1951

FROM : MR. HENNRICH

SUBJECT: UNKNOWN SUBJECT, was:

ESPIONAGE - R

PURPOSE

To recommend that we do interview Carroll Wilson, former General Manager of AEC, now with the Climax Molybdenum Co., 500 5th Avenue, New York City, to determine the extent to which MacLean had access to atomic energy information. MacLean was in contact with Wilson on a number of occasions during 1947 and 1948, at which time MacLean was handling matters for the British of a policy nature relative to atomic energy. We do not ordinarily interview Wilson [redacted] but it is believed advisable to do so in this instance. There is attached a teletype to New York instructing them to interview Wilson. [redacted]

DETAILS

In Mr. Nichol's memorandum of June 8, 1951, it was set forth that MacLean had been on a policy committee represented by individuals designated by the British, Canadian and United States Governments, which committee had the responsibility of fixing allocations of uranium ores and joint activities relative to atomic energy. [The records of the Atomic Energy Commission reflect MacLean contacted Carroll L. Wilson on December 12 and 13, 1947; January 29, February 27, April 16, and May 17 and 29, 1948]

You will recall that we do not ordinarily interview Carroll Wilson, the former General Manager of the AEC. [redacted]

It is believed advisable to interview Mr. Wilson at the present time to determine the extent to which MacLean had access to atomic energy information and the extent to which he knew of the joint efforts of the British and American Governments in this field. [redacted]

RJL:hc COPIES DESTROYED

92 APR 9 1963

Attachments [redacted]

RECORDED - 8
INDEXED - 8

EX - 48

65 JUN 29 1951

JUN 16 1951

317

RECOMMENDATION

There is attached hereto a teletype to the New York Office instructing them to interview Mr. Carroll Wilson, who is presently believed to be connected with the Climax Molybdenum Co., 500 Fifth Avenue, New York City. The New York Office is being instructed that this matter be handled by an experienced agent.

*sent
Sh*

V. J.

10

UNITED STATES
ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION
WASHINGTON 25, D.C.

JUL 1 0 1951

Dear Mr. Hoover:

Reference is made to your letter and summary of information dated June 19, 1951, concerning Donald Stuart MacLean and Guy Francis de Moncy Burgess. You asked that we prepare a paper showing in some detail the extent of damage done through MacLean representing the British Embassy during 1947 and 1948 on matters dealing with the political aspects of atomic energy and through his work on the Combined Development Agency. The above would be assuming that MacLean was either a Soviet agent or has defected to the Soviet Union.

In February 1947, MacLean was designated by his Government to act as the United Kingdom's Secretary of the Combined Policy Committee concerned with atomic energy matters, composed of representatives of the United States, the United Kingdom and Canada. The AEC representation on the Combined Policy Committee began in September 1947. MacLean's duties involved the handling with his Canadian and American counterparts of those atomic energy matters of concern to his Government which come under the purview of the Combined Policy Committee. In connection with these duties, MacLean had opportunity to have access to the information shared by the several countries in the fields of patents, declassification matters, and the research and development relating to the procurement and beneficiation of materials from foreign sources by the Combined Development Agency.

In his capacity as UK Secretary of the CPC he took part in the negotiations which resulted in the Modus Vivendi which governs the atomic energy relations among the three governments since January 1948. During the course of these negotiations, MacLean had access to information relating to the estimates made at that time of ore supply available to the three governments through 1952; requirements of uranium for the atomic energy programs within the three governments during that period; and the definition of scientific areas in which the three governments deemed technical cooperation could be accomplished with mutual benefit.

RECORDED - 92
INDEXED - 92

Some of the information available to MacLean in 1947-48 was classified Top Secret and would then have been of interest to the Soviet Union.

MacLean did not have access to fissionable material production data but we have considered the question of whether stockpile data could have been calculated from the raw materials information available to MacLean in connection with his duties in 1947-48 and believe that only a rough order of magnitude estimate of presently existing or prospective stockpile of fissionable material could be derived from that information. We have tested this out by calculations from those data, and find that the results would be widely misleading as to our present or prospective position in fissionable materials stockpile. Since 1946 there has been no exchange of information with the United Kingdom and Canada concerning fissionable material production processes, weapon technology and development, or stockpiles of fissionable materials and weapons.

The estimates of raw materials supply that were used in Combined Policy Committee calculations of 1947 were much under the actual supplies received in that period. Subsequent to MacLean's transfer from Washington, the fissionable material production schedules have been expanded considerably over the estimate of such schedules for 1948 through 1952 made in 1947 and to which MacLean had access. Therefore, we do not believe that the information available to MacLean in 1947-48 would now be of any appreciable aid to the Soviet Union because of the changes in the rate and scale of the United States program which have taken place in the intervening years.

We will appreciate any further information concerning MacLean which will help us in further assessing possible damage to our program.

Sincerely yours,

UNITED STATES ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION

Paul H. Thurmond

Honorable J. Edgar Hoover, Director
Federal Bureau of Investigation
U. S. Department of Justice
Washington, D.C.

U. S. ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION
CLASSIFIED MATERIAL RECEIPT

DATE MAILED

JUL 1 0 1951

FROM

Honorable J. Edgar Hoover, Director
Federal Bureau of Investigation
U. S. Department of Justice
Washington, D. C.

The Acting Chairman
U. S. Atomic Energy Commission
Washington, D. C.

INSTRUCTIONS:

~~Room 2113 East Building~~

1. Original of this receipt to be signed personally by recipient and returned to
2. Duplicate to be retained by recipient.
3. Triplicate to be retained by sender in suspense file.
4. AVOID IDENTIFYING MATERIAL BELOW IN ANY MANNER WHICH MIGHT N

DESCRIPTION (CHECK OR INDICATE)

DATE OF DOCUMENT
LETTER OF
TRANSMITTAL

FROM-

REFERENCE OR
FILE NO.

ADDRESSED TO—

no of copy:

above

SV: CAP

above

(Ltr re Maclean)

Number of enclosures and attachments:

INDICATE

I have personally received from the sender the material, including enclosures and attachments, as certified above. I assume full responsibility for the safe handling, storage, and transmittal elsewhere of this material in full accordance with existing regulations.

DISPATCHED

ATURE OF COURIER

SIGNATURE OF RECIPIENT

RECEIVED

DATE RECEIVED

13

CONGRESS OF THE UNITED STATES
JOINT COMMITTEE ON ATOMIC ENERGY

COPY

July 31, 1951

COPY

The Honorable J. Howard McGrath
Attorney General
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Attorney General:

In my capacity as Chairman of the Joint Committee on Atomic Energy, I would appreciate receiving from you, in such manner as you may deem best, your most recent information concerning Donald D. MacLean. Specifically, I should like to know:

1. Such verified information as you may have concerning his present whereabouts and status.

2. What information you have indicating that MacLean may have been involved in espionage during the time he had access to atomic data.

3. If he did engage in espionage, what other individuals were involved with him?

4. Is it known, or believed, that he had classified documents with him at the time of his disappearance, and if so, please comment on their character and importance.

5. What is your latest estimate as to the extent and importance to the Soviets of the atomic information available to him?

6. What information pertinent to the atomic program can you supply regarding the British scientists, Drs. E. M. Burhop and Kathleen Lonsdale?

I am requesting this same information from the AEC, CIA, and the Department of State.

Your cooperation in supplying this information, as expeditiously as possible, will be greatly appreciated.

Sincerely yours,

s/ Brian McMahon
Chairman

COPY

COPIES DESTROYED

92 APR 9 1963

Joint Committee on Atomic Energy
Classified Document No. 2

14

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Mr. Tolson

DATE: June 8, 1951

FROM : L. B. Nichols

SUBJECT: DONALD D. MAC LEAN

William Borden, executive director of the Joint Committee on Atomic Energy, advised me confidentially that in the early days of the Manhattan Engineering District there was a combined policy committee represented by individuals designated by the British, Canadian and U. S. governments. This committee had the responsibility of fixing allocations of uranium ores, going into the joint activities of the Manhattan Engineering District and subsequently of passing upon and handling the exchange of technical information. The combined policy committee had a secretariat composed of one representative of each of the three countries. From April 1947 until July 1948, MacLean was the British member of the secretariat.

As such, MacLean had detailed information on the allocation of ores, atomic production and the exchange of technical information. He also attended the first declassification conference in 1947 as a visitor, while the British delegate was Dr. Klaus Fuchs.

Borden told me that the Joint Committee had requested AEC to prepare an estimate of how much knowledge MacLean could have had. He also told me confidentially that one scientist intimately associated with the atomic project has stated that if MacLean were a spy during the days when he was connected with the secretariat he could have had access to considerable information; however, the matter is now problematical as to how much MacLean had inasmuch as he was not a technical man.

The thought occurs to me that it might be well for our Liaison to make a routine inquiry of the Atomic Energy Commission for any information they might have of any atomic information which was made available to MacLean.

I thanked Borden for the information.

cc: [redacted]

cc: [redacted]

LBN:hmc

RECORDED - 135
EX - 99

JUN 26 1951

File
JUN 26 1951
JUN 26 1951

Season already has done so -
I didn't get as much information as Borden furnished. It is obvious that AEC is not particularly cooperative in this matter. H

15

September 20, 1950

Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation

James M. McInerney, Assistant Attorney General,
Criminal Division

JMM:JJCn:erm

Monthly Report to the Joint Congressional
Committee on Atomic Energy

146-41-15

The Atomic Energy Commission has advised this Division that it plans on reporting to the Joint Congressional Committee on Atomic Energy for the current month on the status of three cases. These cases are:

1) Edgar Leo Bunch
Erda Vaughn Cockrum, Sr.

2) UNKNOWN SUBJECT:

Abec Unit tubes numbers
X 10-25SM
X 10-25SNJ
X 10-38SNJ

3) Donald Duart MacLean
Gay F. de Moncy Burgess

In connection with the latter case the Department's files fail to reflect that any investigation concerning these individuals has been conducted. As you will recall, MacLean and Burgess are the two British Foreign Service officers who recently disappeared. The Atomic Energy Commission has advised that they plan to report to the Joint Committee concerning the location of Mrs. MacLean, and the fact that newspaper reports indicating that MacLean had been located are, according to British sources, unfounded.

In accordance with previously established procedures, I will appreciate it if you will advise as expeditiously as possible if you have any observations in this regard, especially as may relate to the effect of disclosure at this time to the Joint Congressional Committee on the conduct of any pending investigation.

In view of the fact that these procedures have been established in order to expedite the monthly report of the Atomic Energy Commission to the Joint Congressional Committee, it will be appreciated if you will treat this as a matter of urgency and deliver your reply by hand to [redacted] Internal Security Section, Room 2212.

SE 19

NOT RECORDED
23 1951 OCT 5

INITIALS OR ORIGINAL

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Mr. Tolson
FROM : L. B. Nichols
SUBJECT: DONALD D. MAC LEAN

DATE: June 8, 1951

William Borden, executive director of the Joint Committee on Atomic Energy, advised me confidentially that in the early days of the Manhattan Engineering District there was a combined policy committee represented by individuals designated by the British, Canadian and U. S. governments. This committee had the responsibility of fixing allocations of uranium ores, going into the joint activities of the Manhattan Engineering District and subsequently of passing upon and handling the exchange of technical information. The combined policy committee had a secretariat composed of one representative of each of the three countries. From April 1947 until July 1948, MacLean was the British member of the secretariat.

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Borden told me that the Joint Committee had requested AEC to prepare an estimate of how much knowledge MacLean could have had. He also told me confidentially that one scientist intimately associated with the atomic project has stated that if MacLean were a spy during the days when he was connected with the secretariat he could have had access to considerable information; however, the matter is now problematical as to how much MacLean had inasmuch as he was not a technical man.

The thought occurs to me that it might be well for our liaison to make a routine inquiry at the Atomic Energy Commission for any information they might have of any atomic information which was made available to MacLean.

I thanked Borden for the information.

cc: [redacted]
cc: [redacted]

LBN:hmc

RECORDED - 135
EX - 99

JUN 26 1951

Liaison already has done so - I didn't get as much information as Borden furnished. It is obvious that AEC is not particularly cooperative in this matter. H

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Mr. D. F. Ladd

DATE: June 8, 1951

FROM : Mr. A. E. Belmont

SUBJECT: UNKNOWN SUBJECT, was.

ESPIONAGE - R

Mr. William L. Jordan of the Joint Congressional Committee on Atomic Energy today advised Mr. Nichols that there was possibly an Atomic Energy aspect with respect to Mr. Donald D. Clean, the British diplomat who has allegedly disappeared into the Soviet Union.

A check with the Atomic Energy Commission Headquarters reflects no record of either McLean or Burgess receiving a clearance for Atomic information, however, a check of the alien visitor records reveals twenty visits to AEC Headquarters building by McLean from August 6, 1947, to June 11, 1948. These visits were made to the following individuals: Roy S. Snapp, F. J. Eaton, A. A. Wells, J. M. Gustafson and C. E. Wilson (Carroll Wilson, former General Manager of AEC).

A record was also found which indicated that McLean attended a special meeting on declassification on November 14, 15 and 16, 1947. Dr. Klaus Fuchs was also in attendance at these meetings. No record was found on Burgess.

AEC informs that their records do not reflect the purpose of any of the visits and that this information would have to be obtained from the persons whom McLean visited.

There is attached a copy of an interoffice memorandum which was confidentially furnished to Agent Bates of the Liaison Section by Mr. Bruce Ittles, Acting Director of Security, AEC.

ACTION:

This is for your information.

C.B.nh

RECORDED - 135

JUL 26 1951

65 JUN 29 1951

Sub
6
317
18

JUL 2 1951

J. A. Waters, Director of Security

Bryan F. LaPlante, Chief
Washington Area Security Operations
DONALD MACLEAN AND GUY FRANCIS DEMENCY BURGESS

SYMBOL: SKA:MAD

After noting the headline in the Washington Daily News for June 7, 1951, on subject's reported departure from England to Russia, a review was made of the alien visitor control records for this Headquarters and this office, accordingly, submits the following information:

MACLEAN:

Date

1. August 6, 1947
2. September 26, 1947
3. October 9, 1947
4. October 29, 1947
5. December 11, 1947
6. December 12, 1947
7. December 13, 1947
8. January 29, 1948
9. February 16, 1948
10. February 19, 1948
11. February 27, 1948
12. March 1, 1948
13. April 16, 1948
14. April 19, 1948
15. May 17, 1948
16. May 29, 1948
17. June 4, 1948
18. June 8, 1948
19. June 10, 1948
20. June 11, 1948

Whom Visited:

Roy B. Snapp
P. J. Eaton
" " "
" " "
Not indicated
C. L. Wilson
C. L. Wilson
" " "
A. A. Wells
" " "
C. L. Wilson
P. J. Eaton
C. L. Wilson
P. J. Eaton
C. L. Wilson
" " "
P. J. Eaton
J. K. Gustafson
" " "
" " "

No record was found on BURGESS.

In addition to the above information, a record was found that indicated that MACLEAN attended a special meeting on declassification on November 14, 15, and 16, 1947. In this group, Dr. Klaus Fuchs was also in attendance.

In the event any further information is desired or information in greater detail, this office will be glad to be of service.

44-3741-1-1-19

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

JUN 13 1951

TELETYPE

CONF WASHINGTON & WASH FIELD FROM NEW YORK 35

DIRECTOR & SAC URGENT

UNSUB, [REDACTED] ESP - R. REBUTEL JUNE ELEVENTH LAST.
CARROLL WILSON, CLIMAX MOLYBDENUM CO., NYC, INTERVIEWED TODAY.
WILSON STATES FIRST MET DONALD MAC LEAN IN FORTYSEVEN AT MEETING OF
COMBINED DEVELOPMENT TRUST OF WHICH WILSON WAS CHAIRMAN.
MAC LEAN NOT MEMBER OF TRUST BUT AS ASST. TO SIR GORDON MONROE, U.K.
REPRESENTATIVE. MAC LEAN ATTENDED ALL MEETINGS OF TRUST FROM MARCH,
FORTYSEVEN UNTIL HE LEFT US. TRUST COMPOSED OF US, U.K. AND CANAD-
IAN MEMBERS AND PURPOSE WAS TO DEVELOPE INFORMATION CONCERNING LOCATION
AND AVAILABILITY OF RAW MATERIALS FOR ATOMIC PRODUCTION, NEGOTIATIONS
FOR ACQUIRING THESE RAW MATERIALS AND ALLOCATION OF RAW MATERIALS.
TRUST MEETINGS OCCURRED INTERMITTENTLY SOMETIMES TWO OR THREE TIMES
A MONTH, WHILE OTHER TIMES NO MEETINGS TOOK PLACE FOR ONE OR TWO
MONTHS. WILSON SAID MAC LEAN ALSO A U.K. REPRESENTATIVE ON COMBINED
POLICY COMMITTEE OF WHICH SECRETARY OF STATE WAS CHAIRMAN. THIS
COMMITTEE DISCUSSED POLICY IN FIELD OF ATOMIC ENERGY. WILSON
STATES IDENTITIES OF THOSE ON COMMITTEE AND TRUST AND RECORDS

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2 APR 9 1963
END PAGE ONE

62 JUL 5 1951

RECORDED - 137

JUN 28 1951

EX-138

[REDACTED]

PAGE TWO

OF DISCUSSIONS AT MEETINGS ALL IN AEC FILES. RECALLS MAC LEAN ATTENDED THREE DAY DECLASSIFICATION CONFERENCE HELD IN OCT., FORTY SEVEN. DISCUSSIONS AT THIS CONFERENCE LIMITED TO THE ATOMIC ENERGY INFORMATION HELD IN COMMON BY US, CANADA AND U.K. DURING WAR. ALSO INCLUDED DISCUSSION OF ATOMIC WEAPONS. KLAUS FUCHS ATTENDED THIS CONFERENCE. WILSON STATES HE NEVER KNEW MACLEAN WELL THOUGH MET HIM OCCASIONALLY AT WASHINGTON COCKTAIL PARTIES. WILSON ATTENDED FAREWELL PARTY FOR MAC LEAN IN LATTER-S HOME IN WASHINGTON, SUMMER OF FORTY EIGHT. FORTY OR FIFTY PEOPLE PRESENT. WILSON NEVER HAD ANY DISCUSSIONS OR "BULL SESSIONS" WITH MAC LEAN AND HAD NO KNOWLEDGE OF MAC LEAN-S POLITICAL INCLINATIONS. RECALLS MAC LEAN AS PLEASANT AND EASY GOING BUT NOT TENSE AND NOT GARRULOUS. HAS NO KNOWLEDGE OF CLOSE ASSOCIATES OF MAC LEAN OR FAMILY.

[REDACTED]

21

HOLD PLS

[REDACTED]

TWO COPIES WFO

[REDACTED] CC: [REDACTED]

21

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : MR. A. H. BELMONT

DATE: June 9, 1951

FROM : MR. C. E. HENNRICH

SUBJECT: UNSUB, was.

ESPIONAGE - R

A memorandum from Mr. Belmont to Mr. Ladd, dated June 8, reflects that Donald MacLean, the missing British diplomat, between August 1947 and June 1948, at the Atomic Energy Commission, was in touch with Roy B. Snapp, P. J. Eaton, A. A. Wells, and J. K. Gustafson. The AEC has advised that MacLean was not cleared for classified information and that to determine why he was in touch with the above individuals, it would be necessary to conduct interviews with them.

ACTION:

I called ASAC [redacted] of the WFO and instructed that interviews be conducted with the above-mentioned individuals in order to determine the purpose of MacLean's contact with them.

A separate memorandum is being prepared regarding a proposed interview with Carroll Wilson, former General Manager of AEC, with whom MacLean was also in contact at the AEC.

CEH:LL

RECORDED - 135

JUN 28 1951

INDEXED - 135

EX-130

76 JUL 5 1951

File
3
22

6-9-51

INGTON AND NEW YORK FROM WASH FIELD

9

8:45

RECTOR AND SAC

DEFERRED

UNSUB. WAS. [REDACTED] ET AL. ESPIONAGE DASH R. RE BUREAU INSTRUCTIONS TO INTERVIEW

ROY B. SNAPP, P. J. EATON, A. A. WELLS, AND JOHN K. GUSTAFSON, ALL OF THE ATOMIC

ENERGY COMMISSION, TO DETERMINE PURPOSE OF DONALD DUART MACLEAN'S CONTACTS WITH

THEM BETWEEN AUGUST SIX, NINETEEN FORTY SEVEN, AND JUNE ELEVEN, NINETEEN FORTY

SIX. P. J. EATON IS PRESENTLY SERVING AS BRITISH SECRETARY OF THE COMBINED

DEVELOPMENT AGENCY OF AEC AND UNLESS ADVISED TO THE CONTRARY HE WILL NOT BE

INTERVIEWED. GUSTAFSON IS REPORTED TO HAVE LEFT AEC APPROXIMATELY A YEAR AND

A HALF AGO AND TO BE PRESENTLY EMPLOYED BY THE MARK A. HANNA MINING COMPANY OF

CLEVELAND, OHIO. CLEVELAND HAS BEEN REQUESTED TO SUTEL RESULTS OF INTERVIEW WITH

HIM. ALOIE AARON WELLS, ATTORNEY, OFFICE OF GENERAL CONSEL, AEC, ADVISED HIS

FIRST CONTACT WITH MACLEAN WAS IN APRIL, NINETEEN FORTY SEVEN, WHEN WELLS WAS

ATTACHED TO THE OFFICE OF SPECIAL PROJECTS OF AEC. WELLS EXPLAINED THAT OFFICE

OF SPECIAL PROJECTS WAS ACTUALLY A LIAISON BRANCH OF THE AEC WHICH HAD CONTACT

WITH FOREIGN GOVERNMENTS. MACLEAN WAS SECRETARY OF THE UNITED KINGDOM

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RECORDED - 121

JUN 128

24

EX - 63

JUL 9 - 1951

23

PAGE TWO

REPRESENTATION TO THE COMBINED POLICY COMMITTEE PAREN CPC END PAREN. THE CPC
ACCORDING TO WELLS IS COMPOSED OF REPRESENTATIVES OF U. K., CANADA, AND U. S. AND
THE CPC IS CONCERNED WITH ATOMIC ENERGY MATTERS. IN APRIL, NINETEEN FORTY SEVEN,
AEC WAS NOT REPRESENTED ON THE CPC BUT AEC WAS CONCERNED WITH SEVERAL MATTERS
THAT CPC ACTED UPON. THESE MATTERS WERE MAINLY JOINT PROBLEMS DEALING WITH
LAW PROBLEMS AND JOINT DECLASSIFICATION GUIDES. WELLS ADVISED THAT THE FUNCTION
OF THE JOINT DECLASSIFICATION GUIDES WAS TO MAKE CERTAIN THAT ONE GOVERNMENT
DID NOT PUBLISH INFORMATION THAT ANOTHER MEMBER OF CPC FELT SHOULD BE KEPT
SECRET. AS U. K.'S SECRETARY OF CPC, WELLS STATED THAT MACLEAN'S CONTACTS WERE
USUALLY THROUGH THE AMERICAN SECRETARY OF THE CPC WHO WAS SPECIAL ASSISTANT TO
UNDER SECRETARY OF STATE AT THAT TIME. THIS INDIVIDUAL WAS IDENTIFIED BY WELLS
AS EDMUND A. GULLION. MR. WELLS FELT THAT GULLION IS PRESENTLY WITH THE STATE
DEPARTMENT SERVING IN A FOREIGN COUNTRY IN THE CAPACITY OF A MINISTER. WELLS
FURTHER ADVISED IN CONNECTION WITH HIS CONTACT WITH MACLEAN THAT FROM TIME TO
TIME THERE WOULD BE MEETINGS OF SPECIAL COMMITTEES OF THE CPC AND MACLEAN
ATTENDED MOST OF THESE MEETINGS DURING NINETEEN FORTY SEVEN AND UNTIL HE WAS
TRANSFERRED IN NINETEEN FORTY EIGHT. WELLS WAS ALSO PRESENT DURING THE MEETINGS
OF THESE SUB COMMITTEES. HE ADVISED THAT THIS WAS THE SOLE BASIS OF HIS CONTACT
WITH MACLEAN CONCERNING AEC MATTERS. HE STATED HE HAD LITTLE SOCIAL CONTACT WHICH
AMOUNTED TO ATTENDING A FEW COCKTAIL PARTIES AND PRIOR TO MACLEAN'S LEAVING FOR
ENGLAND, AEC OFFICIALS FAMILIAR WITH HIM ARRANGED A LUNCHEON IN HIS HONOR.
CONCERNING MACLEAN'S BACKGROUND, WELLS ADVISED HE KNEW VERY LITTLE WITH THE

PAGE THREE

EXCEPTION THAT HE DID REMEMBER MACLEAN MENTIONED HE HAD MARRIED AN AMERICAN GIRL. WELLS KNEW NOTHING ELSE CONCERNING MACLEAN'S FAMILY LIFE OR HIS ACTIVITIES. HE ALSO ADVISED HE NOTICED NO TENDENCIES OF A PRO COMMUNIST NATURE ON MACLEAN'S PART. IN REGARD TO INFORMATION TO WHICH MACLEAN, IN HIS CAPACITY ON THE CPC, HAD ACCESS, MR. WELLS ADVISED THAT HE IS NOT IN A POSITION TO FURNISH THE SPECIFIC INFORMATION WHICH WAS MADE AVAILABLE TO MACLEAN, BUT THAT IT IS IN POSSESSION OF THE AEC. WELLS, HOWEVER, ADVISED THAT GENERALLY MACLEAN HAD IN HIS POSSESSION ALL INFORMATION CONCERNING ATOMIC ENERGY OF A POLITICAL NATURE WHICH WAS MADE AVAILABLE BY THE AEC TO THE BRITISH EMBASSY. WELLS DID NOT FEEL THAT MACLEAN HAD SCIENTIFIC INFORMATION CONCERNING ATOMIC ENERGY MATTERS AVAILABLE TO HIM BECAUSE MATTERS OF SCIENTIFIC NATURE WERE NOT HANDLED BY THE BRITISH EMBASSY BUT ARE HANDLED BY A SPECIAL BRANCH OF THE BRITISH GOVERNMENT DEALING ONLY WITH THE SCIENTIFIC ASPECTS OF ATOMIC ENERGY AND HAS OFFICES IN WASHINGTON, D. C. WELLS ADVISED THAT ALTHOUGH MACLEAN WAS NOT APPOINTED SECRETARY OF THE U. K. REPRESENTATION TO CPC UNTIL APRIL, NINETEEN FORTY SEVEN, IT WAS WELL'S PERSONAL OPINION THAT UNDOUBTEDLY THE BRITISH HAD GROOMED HIM FOR THE POSITION OF SECRETARY, THEREFORE, HE PROBABLY HAD ACCESS TO INFORMATION OF POLITICAL NATURE CONCERNING ATOMIC ENERGY PRIOR TO NINETEEN FORTY SEVEN. ROY B. SNAPP WAS INTERVIEWED TODAY AND ADVISED THAT HE HAD BEEN CHIEF OF THE OFFICE OF SPECIAL PROJECTS SINCE THE INCEPTION OF THE AEC AND HAD BECOME SECRETARY OF THE COMMISSION IN SEPTEMBER OR OR OCTOBER, NINETEEN FORTY SEVEN. SNAPP STATED THAT HIS CONTACTS WITH MACLEAN STARTED IN JANUARY OF NINETEEN FORTY SEVEN AND TERMINATED UPON HIS BEING NAMED SECRETARY. SNAPP DESCRIBED MACLEAN AS THE BRITISH SECRETARY OF THE COMBINED

[REDACTED]

PAGE FOUR

POLICY COMMITTEE IN WHICH CAPACITY HE ACTED AS LIAISON AGENT BETWEEN THE BRITISH AND AEC. SNAPP STATED THAT DURING THE ABOVE PERIOD HE HAD OCCASION TO CALL MACLEAN ONCE OR TWICE A MONTH AND TO SEE HIM PERSONALLY ON AN AVERAGE OF ONCE A MONTH. SNAPP STATED THAT THESE CONTACTS WERE VERY IMPERSONAL AND THAT HE NEVER KNEW MACLEAN WELL BUT THAT MACLEAN IMPRESSED HIM AS AN ABLE, CAPABLE, AND STABLE PERSON. SNAPP STATED THAT MACLEAN WAS SECRETARY TO THE BRITISH DELEGATION OF THE GPC WHICH COMMITTEE DETERMINED JOINT POLICY, SECURITY, FUTURE PROJECTION, ETC. SNAPP STATED THAT AS BRITISH SECRETARY OF THIS COMMITTEE MACLEAN WOULD BE AWARE OF WHAT WAS GOING ON AT THE HIGHEST LEVELS REGARDING MATTERS OF POLICY IN CONNECTION WITH ATOMIC ENERGY MATTERS BUT THAT HIS WORK HAD NOTHING TO DO WITH TECHNICAL INFORMATION CONCERNING ATOMIC ENERGY. SNAPP FURTHER STATED THAT FOR A TIME HE WAS SECRETARY OF THE COMBINED DEVELOPMENT AGENCY AND THAT P. J. EATON WAS AND STILL IS THE BRITISH SECRETARY OF THIS AGENCY. SNAPP STATED THAT THIS AGENCY DEALS FOR THE MOST PART WITH RAW MATERIALS AND ORES. SNAPP STATED THAT HE ALSO HELD THIS POSITION FROM JANUARY TO SEPTEMBER OR OCTOBER, NINETEEN FORTY SEVEN, BUT THAT IT WAS AS A RESULT OF HIS DUTIES AS CHIEF OF THE OFFICE OF SPECIAL PROJECTS THAT BROUGHT HIM INTO CONTACT WITH MACLEAN. SNAPP STATED, HOWEVER, THAT MOST OF HIS CONTACTS WITH THE BRITISH WERE WITH EATON. SNAPP FURTHER STATED THAT CLOSE CONTACT WITH THE BRITISH WAS NOT HAD DURING THE ABOVE PERIOD BECAUSE AT THE TERMINATION OF WORLD WAR TWO THE BRITISH DID THEIR OWN WORK IN CONNECTION WITH ATOMIC ENERGY MATTERS. SNAPP STATED THAT ALTHOUGH HIS CONTACTS WITH MACLEAN WERE LIMITED HE WOULD HAVE LIKED TO HAVE SEEN AND KNOWN HIM SOCIALLY BUT HAD AS

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

PAGE FIVE

A MATTER OF FACT NEVER SEEN HIM OUTSIDE OF OFFICIAL CONTACTS. REGARDING OTHERS WHO HAD CONTACTS WITH MACLEAN, A. A. WELLS ADVISED THAT OTHER THAN GUSTAFSON, SNAPP, AND EATON, CARROLL WILSON, FORMER GENERAL MANAGER OF THE AEC, NOW WITH THE CLIMAX URANIUM COMPANY PAREN BRANCH OF CLIMAX, LUYBIDIENEUM PAREN PH END PAREN COMPANY IN NY END PAREN; JOSEPH VOLPE, FORMER ASSOCIATE GENERAL CONSEL, AEC, AND PRACTICING LAW, WASHINGTON, D. C.; JOHN HALL, PRESENT HEAD OF THE OFFICE OF SPECIAL PROJECTS OF AEC, AND WELLS BELIEVED THAT PERHAPS ALL AEC COMMISSIONERS HAD CONTACT WITH MACLEAN. THE NY OFFICE IS REQUESTED TO INTERVIEW CARROLL WILSON REGARDING HIS CONTACTS WITH MACLEAN. IT IS SUGGESTED THAT BUREAU LIAISON WITH ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION CONTACT THE COMMISSION TO ASCERTAIN THE EXACT INFORMATION TO WHICH MACLEAN HAD ACCESS. IN OBTAINING THIS INFORMATION IT IS ALSO SUGGESTED THAT BUREAU LIAISON CONTACT ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSIONERS WHO ARE REPORTED TO HAVE HAD CONTACT WITH MACLEAN. IT IS FURTHER REQUESTED THAT THE BUREAU MAKE NECESSARY ARRANGEMENTS THAT EDMUND A. GULLION BE INTERVIEWED AT HIS PRESENT POST OF THE STATE DEPARTMENT OVERSEAS, EXACT WHEREABOUTS NOT KNOWN TO THIS OFFICE. UNLESS ADVISED TO THE CONTRARY THE WFO WILL INTERVIEW JOSEPH VOLPE AND JOHN HALL. REBUTEL JUNE EIGHT, NINETEEN FIFTY ONE REQUESTING CHECK OF INDICES ON BURGESS, WFO INDICES REFLECT HIM TO HAVE BEEN ALTERNATE MEMBER U. K.'S DELEGATION OF THE FAR EASTERN COMMISSION FROM AUGUST SEVEN, NINETEEN FIFTY, TO NOVEMBER TWENTY SEVEN, NINETEEN FIFTY. AS OF SEPTEMBER TWELVE, NINETEEN FIFTY, HE WAS LISTED AS

[REDACTED]

27

PAGE SIX

A U. K. 'S. ALTERNATE ON THE QUOTE STEERING UNQUOTE AND QUOTE REPARATIONS UNQUOTE COMMITTEES AND U. K. REPRESENTATIVE OF THE QUOTE STRENGTHENING OF DEMOCRATIC TENDENCIES UNQUOTE COMMITTEE, QUOTE WAR CRIMINALS UNQUOTE COMMITTEE, QUOTE ALIENS IN JAPAN UNQUOTE COMMITTEE, AND OF THE QUOTE OCCUPATION COSTS UNQUOTE AND QUOTE FINANCIAL AND MONETARY PROBLEMS UNQUOTE SUB COMMITTEES. THE FAR EASTERN COMMISSION IS COMPOSED OF REPRESENTATIVES OF ELEVEN NATIONS AND WAS ESTABLISHED TO REPLACE THE FAR EASTERN ADVISORY COMMISSION AT THE MOSCOW MEETING OF FOREIGN SECRETARIES IN DECEMBER, NINETEEN FORTY FIVE. UNDER ITS TERMS OF REFERENCE THE FAR EASTERN COMMISSION HAS TWO PRINCIPAL FUNCTIONS. ONE, QUOTE TO FORMULATE THE POLICIES, PRINCIPALS, AND STANDARDS IN CONFORMITY WITH WHICH THE FULFILLMENT THAT JAPAN UNDER ITS OBLIGATIONS UNDER THE TERMS OF SURRENDER MAY BE ACCOMPLISHED END QUOTE AND TWO, QUOTE TO REVIEW ON THE REQUEST OF ANY MEMBER, ANY DIRECTIVE ISSUED TO THE SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS OR ANY ACTION TAKEN BY THE SUPREME COMMANDER, INVOLVING POLICY DIRECTIVES WITHIN THE JURISDICTION OF THE COMMISSION UNQUOTE. WFO HAS CONTACTED THE LAFAYETTE HOTEL, WASHINGTON, D. C., IN AN EFFORT TO VERIFY MACLEAN'S RESIDENCE DURING THE YEAR NINETEEN FORTY EIGHT. THESE RECORDS, HOWEVER, COULD NOT BE MADE AVAILABLE OVER THE WEEK END AND THEY WILL BE REVIEWED ON JUNE ELEVEN, NINETEEN FIFTY ONE. WFO CONTEMPLATES CONDUCTING IN THE IMMEDIATE FUTURE NEIGHBORHOOD INVESTIGATIONS OF ALL KNOWN RESIDENCES OF MACLEAN IN WASHINGTON, D. C.

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : MR. A. H. EELMONT

DATE: June 26, 1951

FROM : V. P. KEAY

SUBJECT: DONALD MacLEAN
GUY FRANCIS DeMONEY BURGESS
ESPIONAGE - R

There is attached a copy of a memorandum from Mr. Bryan LaPlante, Chief of the Washington Area Security Office, Atomic Energy Commission, to Captain Waters, Director of Security. This memorandum furnishes additional information regarding visits made by MacLean to AEC offices.

In addition, Mr. LaPlante has advised Agent [redacted] of the Liaison Section that he was recently contacted by former AEC Commissioner Lewis Strauss. Strauss informed La Plante that he was concerned about the MacLean matter and commented that he had strenuously objected to MacLean's being permitted into the AEC headquarters building without a clearance. Strauss told LaPlante that he seemed to recall that former General Manager Carroll Wilson's wife might possibly be related to MacLean. He knew that Wilson's wife was born in England. Strauss felt this might explain why Wilson allowed MacLean entrance into the building without a proper pass and might also explain the numerous visits made by MacLean with Wilson.

It will be recalled that the Bureau interviewed Wilson on June 13, 1951, regarding MacLean, at which time Wilson stated he had no knowledge of any close associates of MacLean or MacLean's family.

RECOMMENDATION

It is recommended this memorandum be furnished Espionage Section for its information.

ATTACHMENT

CWB:mjs

EX - 37
RECORDED - 26

INDEXED - 26

29

J. A. Feters, Director of Security

JUN 15 1951

Bryan F. LaPlante, Chief
Washington Area Security Operations
DONALD MACLEAN



SYMBOL: SNA, MAI

ATTENTION: C. A. Rolander

This is written pursuant to a request received from Mr. C. A. Palag-
solo of your office and with reference to our recent memorandum of
June 7, 1951, subject: DONALD MACLEAN AND GUY FRANCIS DEMERBY BURGESS.

The following information is submitted from the WASSO files indicated
below:

S&I, ALIENS, RE: ACCESS 2-12

1. Memo dated August 5, 1947, B. F. LaPlante to T. O. Jones. D. L. MacLean visited P. J. Eaton on July 29, 1947, with no access to Restricted Data.
2. Memo dated September 10, 1947, B. F. LaPlante to T. O. Jones. MacLean to visit R. B. Snapp with no access to Restricted Data.

Note: The remaining memo of interest in this file con-
tain essentially the same information supplied in
our memorandum of June 7, 1951.

MERCHANT FILE

1. Memo from C. L. Wilson, General Manager, to LaPlante, dated November 5, 1947, authorizing issuance of non-escort visitor badge to MacLean.
2. Memo to file dated January 5, 1950, subject: Turn-
over of British Mission Office Personnel, - states
"MacLean placed on non-escort list, to replace P.J.
Eaton while latter is on vacation."
3. P. J. Eaton to LaPlante dated August 27, 1947.
Remove MacLean from non-escort list.

S&I SPECIAL CLEARANCE FOR ALIENS 4-1 AND INTERNATIONAL
CLASSIFICATION MEETING, NOV. 14, 15, 16, 1947, FILE 4-1

1. Memo from Dorothy Dean to T. O. Jones, dated August 6,
1947, concerning MacLean, Fuchs, et. al, attending
referenced meeting.

ENCLOSURE

30

2. Letter dated 19 August 1947 from C. L. Wilson to Dr. F. N. Woodward, UK Scientific Office, regarding purpose of meeting.
3. Memo from H. A. Failer to LaPlante, dated November 12, 1947, subject: Members Attending the Meeting on Declassification 14, 15, 16.
4. Memo from LaPlante to Edith Grimes, dated November 12, 1947, authorized issuance of special "I" badges, non-escort for personnel to attend meeting to which Maclean, as one of 16 aliens, was invited.
5. Memo to files from L. D. Low, WAGO, dated November 18, 1947, advising of services rendered by WAGO personnel during and after meeting hours.
6. Memo to C. L. Wilson from LaPlante, dated February 4, 1950, subj: International Declassification Conference held on November 14, 15, and 16, 1947, provides summary of information of security precautions taken in regard to meeting.

OTHER PERTINENT INFORMATION:

1. Memo from Snapp to LaPlante, dated May 9, 1947, informing of list of people to attend meeting on May 14 and 15. Maclean is listed. (Does not mention type or subject of meeting.)
2. WABC Press and Radio Release #254, dated February 3, 1950, which informs that November 14, 15, and 16, 1947 meetings were "limited to fields of information shared by the three countries, as a result of their combined wartime efforts in the development of atomic energy. The conference was arranged to insure uniform application of declassification policy by the three governments."
3. SECRET, AEC Staff Paper, Info. Memo #273, dated February 6, 1950, which incorporates, in toto, memos itemized as numbers 1, 3, 5, and 6, immediately above.

In addition to the above files, the WAGO files indicated below were reviewed and no pertinent information was found that is not otherwise indicated above.

SAI - CIA, Foreign

- 2-1 Classification, Downgrading and Declassification
- 2-1 Access
- 4-1 Meetings, Clearance
- 5-1 Visitor Clearance & Control
- 5-4 Receptionist
- 5-7 Exclusion Areas
- 10-3 British Mission Office
- 10-3 International Declassification Meetings
- 10-3 Existence of British Mission
- 10-3 Foreign General
- Receptionist's Alien Visitor File

J. A. Waters

-3-

Your attention is invited to our memorandum of June 7, 1951, which stated that MacLean and Dr. Fuchs attended the November 14, 15, and 16, 1947 meetings. This should be corrected to read that they were to attend the meetings, but no record is available in this office to indicate whether they actually attended the meetings held on those dates.

This office contemplates no additional action on this case unless directed otherwise by you.

Distribution: Visits to AEC Headquarters
Visitor Control
Reading
Dispatch

tvf-6/14/51

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : THE DIRECTOR

DATE: June 26, 1951

FROM : D. W. Ladd

SUBJECT: DONALD McLEAN
GUY BURGESS

Admiral Lewis Strauss called metoday and advised that he had been going over some papers at his home this last weekend and that he found that Carroll Wilson, who was General Manager, had given a pass to Donald McLean in November of 1947 which required no escort and permitted McLean to go anywhere in the Atomic Energy headquarters.

Admiral Strauss stated that at the some time, high Army and Navy officials were required to have escorts in going through the building. Adniral Strauss stated that he had a copy of this order among his papers.

I told him we would like to have a copy of this for our files some time. He agreed to furnish it.

DWL:dod

*I was always required
to have an escort.*

RECORDED - 26

EX-13

JUN 11 1951

33

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : MR. BELMONT
FROM : D. M. Ladd
SUBJECT: DONALD MCLEAN

DATE: July 3, 1951

Admiral Lewis Strauss called on July 3 and advised that he had checked and found that he had a copy of a memorandum authorizing a pass to the AEC Building in his possession, that it was not a signed copy. It read as follows: "November 5, 1947. Authority is hereby given to issue a non-escort badge to Mr. Donald McLean of the British Embassy. (signed) Wilson"

He stated that undoubtedly the original of this would be available in the Atomic Energy files.

DML:dcd

FV

RECORDED - 26

16-73

JUL 11 1951

16

JUL 11 1951

17-34

Mr. Bryan F. LaPlante

November 5, 1947

Carroll L. Wilson

Issuance of Non-escort Visitors Badge to Mr. Donald Maclean

Authority is hereby given to issue a non-escort visitor's badge to Mr. Donald Maclean of the British Embassy.

Sgt. C. L. Wilson
CARROLL L. WILSON

Certified to be a true copy:

Bryan F. LaPlante
Bryan F. LaPlante, Chief
Washington Area Security Operations

ENCLOSURE

35

482

June 22, 1951

UNKNOWN SUBJECT was:

4534

As you are aware, from 1947 until his departure in 1948, Donald MacLean was active in connection with political discussions dealing with atomic energy. We have conducted a number of interviews with persons who were associated with MacLean in connection with discussions had relative to atomic energy.

Mr. Carroll Wilson, the former General Manager of the Atomic Energy Commission who is now connected with the Climax Molybdenum Company in New York City, in an interview stated that he first met MacLean in 1947 at a meeting of the Combined Development Trust, of which Mr. Wilson was Chairman. He said MacLean was not a member of the Trust but was an assistant to Sir Gordon Monro, the United Kingdom representative. MacLean attended all meetings of the Trust from 1947 until he left the United States. The Trust was composed of the United States, the United Kingdom, and Canadian representatives, and its purpose was to develop information concerning the location and availability of raw materials for atomic production, negotiations for acquiring these raw materials and allocation of the raw materials. The meetings of the Trust occurred intermittently, sometimes two or three times a month, while at other times no meetings would take place for a period of one or two months. Mr. Wilson said MacLean was also the United Kingdom representative on the Combined Policy Committee on which the Secretary of State was Chairman. This Committee discussed policies in the field of atomic energy. Mr. Wilson also recalled that MacLean attended a three-day declassification conference held in October, 1947. The discussions at this conference were limited to atomic energy information held in common by the United States, Canada, and the United Kingdom during the war. A discussion did take place regarding atomic weapons. Mr. Wilson recalled that Dr. Klaus Fuchs also attended this conference. Mr. Wilson stated he never knew MacLean very well, although he met him occasionally at Washington cocktail parties. He also attended a farewell party for MacLean in the latter's home in Washington, D. C. in the summer of 1948, at which forty or fifty people were present.

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Mr. John K. Gustafson of the M. A. Hanna Company, Cleveland, Ohio, in an interview advised that he was formerly the Manager of the Raw Materials Operation with the Atomic Energy Commission at Washington, D. C. from 1947 to 1949. In that capacity he had meetings with British representatives and recalled that Donald MacLean of the British Embassy attended about six meetings. He said that MacLean took no part in the discussions and appeared to be only an observer.

RECORDED - 135

cc: Legat, London sent 6/22/51
Foreign Service Desk

JUN 25 1951

EX-72

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Mr. Algio Aaron Wells, an attorney in the office of the General Counsel of the Atomic Energy Commission, advised that his first contact with MacLean was in April, 1947, when Mr. Wells was attached to the Office of Special Projects of the Atomic Energy Commission. This was a liaison branch of the Atomic Energy Commission which had contacts with foreign governments. MacLean at that time was Secretary of the United Kingdom representation to the Combined Policy Committee which was composed of representatives of the United Kingdom, Canada and the United States, and was concerned with atomic energy matters. The matters dealt with were mainly joint problems dealing with legal matters and joint declassification guides. These guides were in an effort to have an agreement that one government would not publish information which another member of the Combined Policy Committee felt should be kept secret. MacLean, as the United Kingdom's Secretary, was usually in contact with the American Secretary of the Combined Policy Committee who was Special Assistant to the Undersecretary of State at that time. During this period this individual was Mr. Edmund A. Gullion. Mr. Wells stated that he did attend a luncheon which was given for MacLean prior to his departure from the United States. Mr. Wells felt that generally MacLean had in his possession all information concerning atomic energy of a political nature which was made available by the Atomic Energy Commission to the British Embassy. Mr. Wells did not feel that MacLean had scientific information concerning atomic energy matters available to him because such matters were not handled by the British Embassy.

Mr. Roy B. Snapp was interviewed and advised that he had been Chief of the Office of Special Projects since the inception of the Atomic Energy Commission and had become Secretary of the Commission in September or October, 1947. He said that his contacts with MacLean began in January, 1947, and terminated upon his being named Secretary of the Atomic Energy Commission. Mr. Snapp described MacLean as the British Secretary of the Combined Policy Committee, in which capacity MacLean acted as a liaison agent between the British Embassy and the Atomic Energy Commission. Mr. Snapp stated that MacLean was Secretary to the British Delegation of the Combined Policy Committee and stated that in this position MacLean would have been aware of what was going on at the highest levels regarding matters of policy in connection with atomic energy.

[REDACTED]

39

June 11, 1951

SAC, NEW YORK

URGENT

~~REDACTED~~
URGENT, WAS: ~~REDACTED~~; ECP-R.

IT HAS BEEN DETERMINED THAT MacLEAN WAS ON POLICY COMMITTEE SET UP BETWEEN BRITISH, CANADA, AND U.S. RE ATOMIC ENERGY. MacLEAN REPORTEDLY HAD INFO ON ALLOCATION URANIUM ORES, ATOMIC PRODUCTION AND EXCHANGE OF TECHNICAL INFO. HE ATTENDED DECLASSIFICATION CONFERENCE IN FORTYSEVEN WHICH ALSO WAS ATTENDED BY FUCHS. (RECORDS AEC REFLECT HE VISITED CARROLL L. WILSON, FORMER GENERAL MANAGER, AEC, ON NUMEROUS OCCASIONS DURING FORTYSEVEN AND FORTYEIGHT. WILSON BELIEVED PRESENTLY CONNECTED WITH CLIMAX MOLYBDENUM CO., FIVE HUNDRED FIFTH AVENUE, NYC. ~~REDACTED~~ ~~REDACTED~~ HE SHOULD BE INTERVIEWED IN THIS INSTANCE HOWEVER TO DETERMINE EXTENT TO WHICH MacLEAN HAD ACCESS TO ATOMIC ENERGY INFO. THIS INTERVIEW SHOULD BE HANDLED BY EXPERIENCED AGENT WHO SHOULD BE VERY CIRCUMSPECT IN HIS CONTACT WITH WILSON.

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : MR. BELMONT

DATE: June 11, 1951

FROM : MR. HENNRICH

SUBJECT: UNKNOWN SUBJECT, was:

ESPIONAGE - R

PURPOSE

To recommend that we do interview Carroll Wilson, former General Manager of AEC, now with the Climax Molybdenum Co., 500 5th Avenue, New York City, to determine the extent to which MacLean had access to atomic energy information. MacLean was in contact with Wilson on a number of occasions during 1947 and 1948, at which time MacLean was handling matters for the British of a policy nature relative to atomic energy. We do not ordinarily interview Wilson but it is believed advisable to do so in this instance. There is attached a teletype to New York instructing them to interview Wilson.

DETAILS

In Mr. Nichol's memorandum of June 8, 1951, it was set forth that MacLean had been on a policy committee represented by individuals designated by the British, Canadian and United States Governments, which committee had the responsibility of fixing allocations of uranium ores and joint activities relative to atomic energy. [The records of the Atomic Energy Commission reflect MacLean contacted Carroll L. Wilson on December 12 and 13, 1947; January 29, February 27, April 16, and May 17 and 29, 1948]

You will recall that we do not ordinarily interview Carroll Wilson, the former General Manager of the AEC.

It is believed advisable to interview Mr. Wilson at the present time to determine the extent to which MacLean had access to atomic energy information and the extent to which he knew of the joint efforts of the British and American Governments in this field.

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Attachments

RECORDED - 8

INDEXED - 8

EX - 48

65 JUN 29 1951

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✓ *John*

UNITED STATES
ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION
WASHINGTON 25, D. C.

This document consists of 2 pages
No. 1 of 12 Copies, Series A

JUL 1 0 1951

Dear Mr. Hoover:

Reference is made to your letter and summary of information dated June 19, 1951, concerning Donald Stuart MacLean and Guy Francis de Moncy Burgess. You asked that we prepare a paper showing in some detail the extent of damage done through MacLean representing the British Embassy during 1947 and 1948 on matters dealing with the political aspects of atomic energy and through his work on the Combined Development Agency. The above would be assuming that MacLean was either a Soviet agent or has defected to the Soviet Union.

In February 1947, MacLean was designated by his Government to act as the United Kingdom's Secretary of the Combined Policy Committee concerned with atomic energy matters, composed of representatives of the United States, the United Kingdom and Canada. The AEC representation on the Combined Policy Committee began in September 1947. MacLean's duties involved the handling with his Canadian and American counterparts of those atomic energy matters of concern to his Government which come under the purview of the Combined Policy Committee. In connection with these duties, MacLean had opportunity to have access to the information shared by the several countries in the fields of patents, declassification matters, and the research and development relating to the procurement and beneficiation of materials from foreign sources by the Combined Development Agency.

In his capacity as UK Secretary of the CPC he took part in the negotiations which resulted in the Modus Vivendi which governs the atomic energy relations among the three governments since January 1948. During the course of these negotiations, MacLean had access to information relating to the estimates made at that time of ore supply available to the three governments through 1952; requirements of uranium for the atomic energy programs within the three governments during that period; and the definition of scientific areas in which the three governments deemed technical cooperation could be accomplished with mutual benefit.

RECORDED - 92
INDEXED - 92

JUL 1 0 1951

JUL 1 1951

41

Some of the information available to MacLean in 1947-48 was classified Top Secret and would then have been of interest to the Soviet Union.

MacLean did not have access to fissionable material production data but we have considered the question of whether stockpile data could have been calculated from the raw materials information available to MacLean in connection with his duties in 1947-48 and believe that only a rough order of magnitude estimate of presently existing or prospective stockpiles of fissionable material could be derived from that information. We have tested this out by calculations from those data, and find that the results would be widely misleading as to our present or prospective position in fissionable materials stockpile. Since 1946 there has been no exchange of information with the United Kingdom and Canada concerning fissionable material production processes, weapon technology and development, or stockpiles of fissionable materials and weapons.

The estimates of raw materials supply that were used in Combined Policy Committee calculations of 1947 were much under the actual supplies received in that period. Subsequent to MacLean's transfer from Washington, the fissionable material production schedules have been expanded considerably over the estimate of such schedules for 1948 through 1952 made in 1947 and to which MacLean had access. Therefore, we do not believe that the information available to MacLean in 1947-48 would now be of any appreciable aid to the Soviet Union because of the changes in the rate and scale of the United States program which have taken place in the intervening years.

We will appreciate any further information concerning MacLean which will help us in further assessing possible damage to our program.

Sincerely yours,

UNITED STATES ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION

Heint Glenan

Honorable J. Edgar Hoover, Director
Federal Bureau of Investigation
U. S. Department of Justice
Washington, D.C.

FD-36 (Rev. 1-15-60)
July 14, 1967

U. S. ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION
CLASSIFIED MATERIAL RECEIPT

POSTAL REGISTRY NO.

DATE MAILED

JUL 1 0 1951

Honorable J. Edgar Hoover, Director
Federal Bureau of Investigation
U. S. Department of Justice
Washington, D. C.

FROM

The Acting Chairman
U. S. Atomic Energy Commission
Washington, D. C.

INSTRUCTIONS:

1. Original of this receipt to be signed personally by recipient and returned to
2. Duplicate to be retained by recipient.
3. Triplicate to be retained by sender in suspense file.
4. AVOID IDENTIFYING MATERIAL BELOW IN ANY MANNER WHICH MIGHT NECESSITATE CLASSIFICATION OF THIS RECEIPT.

Room 2113 East Building

DESCRIPTION (CHECK OR INDICATE)	DATE OF DOCUMENT LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL	FROM—	REFERENCE OR FILE NO.	ADDRESSED TO—
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CERTIFICATE

I have personally received from the sender the material, including enclosures and attachments, as identified above. I assume full responsibility for the safe handling, storage, and transmittal elsewhere of this material in full accordance with existing regulations.

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SIGNATURE OF COURIER

SIGNATURE OF RECIPIENT

DATE RECEIVED

DATE RECEIVED

43

CONGRESS OF THE UNITED STATES
JOINT COMMITTEE ON ATOMIC ENERGY

COPY

July 31, 1951

COPY

The Honorable J. Howard McGrath
Attorney General
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Attorney General:

In my capacity as Chairman of the Joint Committee on Atomic Energy, I would appreciate receiving from you, in such manner as you may deem best, your most recent information concerning Donald D. Maclean. Specifically, I should like to know:

1. Such verified information as you may have concerning his present whereabouts and status.
2. What information you have indicating that Maclean may have been involved in espionage during the time he had access to atomic data.
3. If he did engage in espionage, what other individuals were involved with him?
4. Is it known, or believed, that he had classified documents with him at the time of his disappearance, and if so, please comment on their character and importance.
5. What is your latest estimate as to the extent and importance to the Soviets of the atomic information available to him?
6. What information pertinent to the atomic program can you supply regarding the British scientists, Drs. E. H. ~~Burhop~~ and Kathleen ~~Condale~~?

I am requesting this same information from the AEC, CIA, and the Department of State.

Your cooperation in supplying this information, as expeditiously as possible, will be greatly appreciated.

Sincerely yours,

s/ Brian McMahon
Chairman

COPY

COPIES DESTROYED

92 APR 9 1963

Joint Committee on Atomic Energy
Classified Document No. 2

44

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : MR. A. H. DELMONT

DATE: May 2, 1957

FROM : MR. R. E. ROACH

SUBJECT: DONALD DUANE MACLEAN;
Sgt FRANCIS ED MURPHY; BURETTS
ESPIONAGE - R

On May 2, 1957, Colonel A. R. Padgett, Provost Marshal, Ordnance Corps, U. S. Army, advised of information received from his office has been, in the recent past, investigating charges of homosexuality against several individuals employed or formerly employed by Army Ordnance. Padgett mentioned specifically [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] investigators from Padgett's office interviewed [REDACTED] during the course of this interview [REDACTED] admitted having had homosexual relations with both Burgess and MacLean of the British Embassy in Washington, D. C. [REDACTED] also advised that he had witnessed [REDACTED] engaging in oral sodomy with Burgess and MacLean in Washington, D. C. According to Colonel Padgett, [REDACTED] have been discharged from their employment with the Ordnance Corps.

ACTION:

For information.

RE: JLR:sk
(3)

RECORDED - 69

INDEXED - 69

MAY 10 1957

45

5-7-57

02 P/209

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : L. V. Boardman *7/15/56*

DATE: April 16, 1956

FROM : A. H. Belmont

SUBJECT: DREW PEARSON'S BROADCAST, WTOP
7:45 P.M., APRIL 14, 1956

The following items of possible interest to the Bureau were mentioned by Pearson:

ITEM - Guy Burgess and Donald McLean, British traitors, have been assigned to advise Khrushchev and Bulganin as to how to win friends and influence people on their visit to England. They have advised the two Russian leaders to pat children's heads, pose with pretty girls and quote Churchill and Shakespeare. This is why Malenkov quoted Shakespeare so much while in England.

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : L. V. Boardman

DATE: September 13, 1954

FROM : A. H. Belmont

SUBJECT: WALTER WINCHELL
SIMULCAST (RADIO - TELEVISION)
September 12, 1954

WINCHELL SAID:

Donald MacLean, British traitor, will be Moscow's "Lord Haw-Haw."
His partner Burgess had a lot to do with the double cross of Double Agent
"Dr. John."

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : MR. BELMONT
FROM : MR. HENRICH
SUBJECT: DONALD DAVID MACLEAN, et al
ESPIONAGE - R

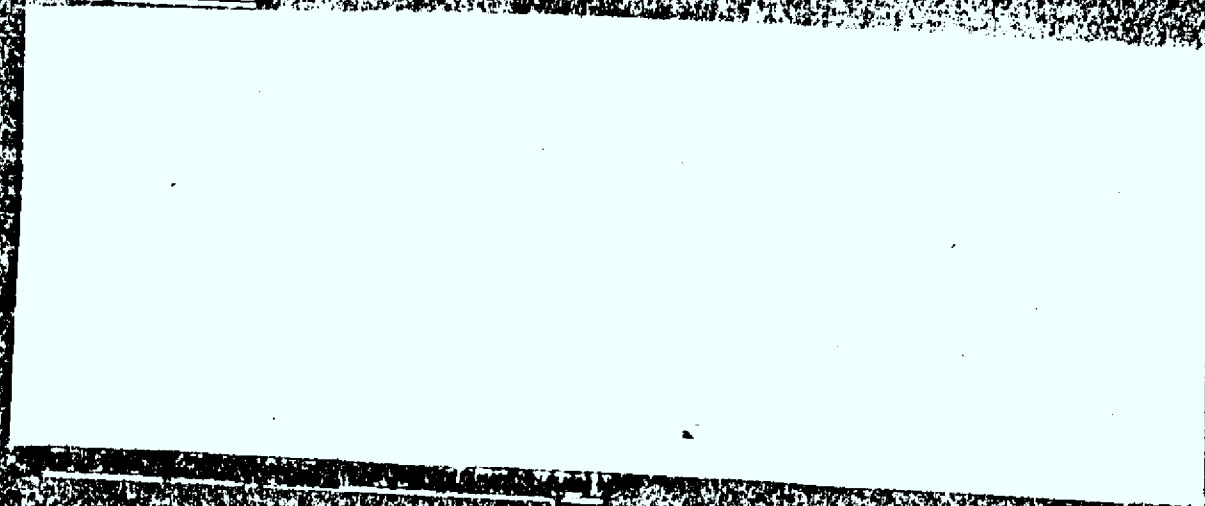
DATE: July 10, 1951

The Washington Field Office is desirous of interviewing _____

_____ concerning his knowledge of Guy Burgess. _____ name was found in notes left behind in the Washington residence of Burgess. _____ has been named by several sources as a supporter of pro-Communist policies. He has been a close friend of _____ who was named by _____ as involved in a Soviet espionage conspiracy. He has been associated with _____ who was named by _____

It is believed that we should authorize the Washington Field Office to interview _____ concerning his knowledge of Guy Burgess and a memorandum authorizing such an interview is attached.

BACKGROUND



FD-07
EXHIBIT

RECORDED
INDEXED

JUL 18 1951

CH-248

RECOMMENDATION

On the basis of the foregoing information it would appear that [redacted] has been closely associated with two persons who are suspected of having engaged in Soviet espionage. [redacted] has also been named as having pro-Communist views. However, we have followed the policy of interviewing anyone in this country who had knowledge of Burgess or MacLean. It is believed [redacted] is available to interview in this instance and a memorandum to the Washington Field Office authorizing this interview is attached. We do not, of course, know how the two men became acquainted as Burgess merely had the name of [redacted] on notes found in his Washington residence.

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

CC: [REDACTED]

TO : Mr. L. V. Boardman

DC: [REDACTED]

DATE: October 3, 1955

FROM : Mr. A. H. Belmont

AB

SUBJECT: WALTER WINCHELL BROADCAST
OCTOBER 2, 1955

[REDACTED]

Memorandum to Mr. Boardman

Winchell Said:

Attention Mr. Sherman Adams, White House, Denver, Colorado: Burgess and Maclean, the top British intelligence agents, fled to Russia following a tip that they were watched by Scotland Yard for being Russian spies. The person who tipped them off is another top British intelligence agent now in the United States. The FBI refused to give this man any information for over three years but other American intelligence departments opened up their very top secret files for him.

Comment:

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : MR. BOARDMAN *10 31 55*

CC: ~~MR. BOARDMAN~~
~~MR. BELMONT~~
~~MR. CLEGG~~
~~MR. GLAVIN~~
~~MR. LADD~~
~~MR. NICHOLS~~
~~MR. ROSEN~~
~~MR. TRACY~~
~~MR. WINTERROWD~~
~~MR. MOHR~~
~~MR. WATSON~~
~~MR. WOOD~~

DATE: October 24, 1955

FROM : MR. BELMONT *W*

SUBJECT: WALTER WINCHELL BROADCAST
OCTOBER 23, 1955

Winchell Said:

The New York "Daily News" yesterday reported that a third British intelligence agent was the tipster who told Burgess and Maclean, the Red spies, to escape to Russia. "A Winchell exclusive, except for his name, many weeks ago."

Comment:

Enclad

Memorandum for the Attorney General

By memorandum of January 8, 1954, to you, the facts relating to Maclean's access to atomic energy information and his access to AEC headquarters were set forth. That memorandum pointed out that according to our files Burgess did not have any connection with atomic energy matters. By memorandum of January 12, 1954, to you, we advised that Admiral Lewis L. Strauss had advised, insofar as he knew, Burgess did not have any access to AEC headquarters. There was no record of Burgess ever having been in the AEC headquarters building, Washington, D. C.

CC: 1 - Mr. William F. Rogers
Deputy Attorney General

NOV 5 1955

TELETYPE

FBI BOSTON

11-5-55

5-22 P GT

DIRECTOR, FBI AND SAC, NEW YORK

URGENT

DONALD DUART MACLEAN, GUY FRANCIS DE MONEY BURGESS, ESP-R. REBU TEL
NOVEMBER FOUR LAST. CARROLL LEWIS WILSON, VP METALS AND CONTROLS
CORPORATION, ATTLEBORO, MASS., RESIDENCE JACOBS ST., SEEKONK, MASS.,
ADVISED NOVEMBER FIVE INSTANT THAT AS GENERAL MANAGER AEC AND UNDER
BROAD DELEGATED AUTHORITY FROM AEC HE AUTHORIZED ISSUANCE OF NON-
ESCORT PASSES. ACTUAL ISSUANCE HANDLED BY WASHINGTON, D.C. AEC
SECURITY OFFICE FOLLOWING HIS AUTHORIZATION. WILSON HAS NO RECOLLEC-
TION RE ANY APPROVAL PROCEDURE ON PART OF CHAIRMAN AEC. ISSUANCE THIS
TYPE PASS TO BRITISH AND CANADIAN GOVERNMENT OFFICIALS OF
COMBINED POLICY COMMITTEE ON ATOMIC ENERGY AND ITS SUBSIDIARY, THE
COMBINED DEVELOPMENT TRUST NOT UNUSUAL. PASSES ISSUED AS MATTER OF
COURTESY UNDER "IMPLICIT, IF NOT EXPLICIT" ACCEPTANCE OF BRITISH
AND CANADIAN REPRESENTATIVES AS ACCREDITED OFFICIALS WHOSE SECURITY
CLEARANCE HAD BEEN DETERMINED SATISFACTORY BY THOSE GOVERNMENTS.
WILSON STATES HE AUTHORIZED ISSUANCE NON-ESCORT PASS TO MACLEAN IN
FALL OF NINETEEN FORTY-SEVEN, EXACT DATE NOT RECALLED, UNDER
ABOVE POLICY SINCE MACLEAN WAS ACCREDITED BRITISH GOVERNMENT
REPRESENTATIVE DESIGNATED AS ONE OF TWO JOINT SECRETARIES OF
COMBINED POLICY COMMITTEE. WILSON HAS NO PRESENT RECOLLECTION
SPECIFIC CIRCUMSTANCES SURROUNDING REQUEST FOR PASS FOR MACLEAN OR
OTHERS. HE BELIEVES SAME TYPE OF PASS ISSUED TO GEORGE BAILEMAN,

END PAGE ONE

62 NOV 23 1955

Sp. Belmo.

55

2 NOV 15 1955

PAGE TWO

CANADIAN REPRESENTATIVE, TO ARTHUR STORK, AND GORDON MUNRO, BRITISH REPRESENTATIVES AND TO A MR. EATON ALSO BRITISH AND ONE OF TWO JOINT SECRETARIES OF THE COMBINED DEVELOPMENT TRUST. WILSON STATES THERE MAY HAVE BEEN WRITTEN OR ORAL REQUESTS FOR NON-ESCORT TYPE PASSES FROM BRITISH GOVERNMENT OFFICIALS BUT CAN NOT RECALL. IF REQUEST WAS WRITTEN, IT TOGETHER WITH A MEMO RE AUTHORIZATION SHOULD BE IN FILES OF COMBINED POLICY COMMITTEE AT STATE DEPARTMENT. WILSON STATES MACLEAN MUST HAVE HAD ACCESS TO AEC BLDG. UNDER ESCORT TYPE PASS FROM ABOUT FEBRUARY NINETEEN FORTY SEVEN TO DATE OF ISSUANCE OF NON-ESCORT PASS IN FALL OF NINETEEN FORTY SEVEN. FURTHER STATES AS RESULT OF FUCHS INCIDENT AND IN MARCH NINETEEN FIFTY EXTENSIVE INQUIRY WAS MADE OF ALL ASPECTS OF PROCEDURE OF ISSUANCE NON-ESCORT PASSES AND DOCUMENTED RESULTS THIS INQUIRY SHOULD BE IN AEC SECURITY DIVISION FILES. WILSON EMPHASIZES ABOVE REPORT NECESSARILY WILL BE DETAILED AND ACCURATE RELATIVE TO ENTIRE CIRCUMSTANCES SURROUNDING ISSUANCE OF NON-ESCORT PASSES TO MACLEAN AND OTHERS.

END ACK PLS

WA 5-32 PM OK FBI WA EW

NY OK FBI NY GSM

T U DISC M

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : J. V. Boardman

DATE: July 12, 1957

FROM : A. H. Belmont

SUBJECT: DONALD LARRY MACLEAN
GUY FRANCIS DE MONTY BURGESS
ESPIONAGE - R

Re memo 5-1-57 from Belmont which reflected that Colonel A. H. Edgett, Major General, Ordnance Corps, U. S. Army, advised SA [redacted] Liaison Section, that his office has been, in recent past, investigating charges of homosexuality against several individuals employed or formerly employed by Army Ordnance. Edgett mentioned that during the course of an interview [redacted]

[redacted], admitted having had homosexual relations with Burgess and Maclean of the British Embassy, Washington, D. C. [redacted] also advised he had witnessed [redacted]

[redacted] engaging in oral sodomy with Burgess and Maclean in Washington, D. C. According to Colonel Edgett, both individuals have been discharged from their employment with the Ordnance Corps.

On 5-20-57 Colonel Edgett advised SA [redacted] that [redacted] were in Government service prior to 1944; [redacted] was not employed with the Ordnance Corps.

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : MR. A. H. BELMONT

DATE: November 7, 1955

FROM : MR. R. R. ROACH

SUBJECT: DONALD DUART MacLEAN
ESPIONAGE - R
Bufile [REDACTED]

On 11-4-55 Liaison checked with Mr. C.A. Palazzolo of the Atomic Energy Commission (AEC) regarding the issuance of a "non-escort" pass to MacLean in November, 1947, by Carroll Wilson, then General Manager, AEC. Liaison was advised that Wilson issued this pass after receiving approval from either David Lilienthal, then Chairman of AEC, or Sumner Pike, one of the Commissioners.

A further check of AEC records on 11-7-55 indicated that this statement furnished Liaison on 11-4-55 was based on an AEC memorandum which was Wilson's recollection that he had consulted with either Pike or Lilienthal before issuing any non-escort passes to members of the British mission then located in the AEC building. The records further reflect that in February, 1950, the Commission reviewed the entire matter concerning the British mission office. The question of non-escort passes arose and, according to the record, Wilson recalled that he had consulted with either Pike or Lilienthal and had received their approval prior to issuing non-escort passes (which would have included the pass to MacLean). The records show that Lilienthal made a statement in the February, 1950, meeting to the effect that while it appeared that neither he nor Pike recalled anything about approving such passes, he did not feel that such a matter necessarily required Commission action and also felt that Wilson as General Manager had authority to issue such passes without prior approval from the Commission. During this meeting, no specific mention was made of MacLean's name. This discussion concerned the general question of non-escort passes to British representatives in the AEC building.

During the interview with Wilson by Bureau Liaison last week, Wilson commented that as a result of the Fuchs case the AEC reviewed its procedures for issuing non-escort passes in March, 1950. Mr. C.A. Palazzolo and Mr. Palazzolo advised Liaison on 11-7-55 that as a result of the Commission meeting in February, 1950, orders were issued to rescind all non-escort passes issued to British representatives with the exception of Mr. F. J. Eaton, head of the office, and his personal secretary. Eaton and his secretary retained these passes until sometime in 1951 when the offices they occupied were moved outside the AEC restricted area and, therefore, did not require a pass to enter.

ACTION: This is for your information.

DWB:fjb (6)

1 - [REDACTED]
1 - [REDACTED]
1 - [REDACTED]
1 - [REDACTED]

62 NOV 23 1955

58

[REDACTED]

10/15/55 9

A confidential check with Bryan LaPlante disclosed that Burgess did not have a pass to the AEC Building and the AEC records indicate that Burgess never visited the AEC Building. McLean had a Non-Escort Badge, which was issued to him on orders from Carroll L. Wilson, who was General Manager of the Commission at the time. This pass permitted McLean to visit the British Scientific Office which was located within the AEC Headquarters Building. McLean was employed by the British Scientific Mission for a short while. AEC records indicate approximately 20 visits into the Headquarters Building by McLean. LaPlante stated he had checked this matter for Admiral Strauss recently and was acquainted with all the facts concerning it.

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

10/15/55

60

[REDACTED]

182-1
187-1

MACLEAN AND BURGESS IN USSR PRISON

Paris, in French to Danubian and Balkan countries, Jan. 14, 1951,
2030 GMT--H

(Text)

"We hear from Berlin that a diplomat recently back from Moscow said that Donald Maclean and Guy Burgess, the two British Foreign Office employees who disappeared last year, are in a Soviet prison. According to this diplomat, diplomatic circles in Moscow say the two men are in the Lubyanka prison, reserved for prisoners (under death sentence)."

"They were reported to have been in prison in Prague for some months and then moved to the USSR at the end of fall or the beginning of winter."

NOT RECORDED
24 JAN 25 1952

Central Intelligence Agency
Foreign Radio Broadcast
QU1 1-15-52 Section
Page Date

246
7 6 JAN 29 1952

61

REPORT MADE ON BURGESS-MACLEAN CASE

Hamburg, DIE WELT, Aug. 30, 1951--G

(Summary)

Amsterdam--By our own correspondent, F.R.--Investigations conducted by the Dutch police revealed that a German-born Cominform agent, who became the wife of a British Communist agent, played an important part in the disappearance of the two British diplomats--MacLean and Burgess. Before the disappearance of the diplomats, this woman, who is also considered an expert on microfilm photography, was employed as a waitress at a hotel near London. Interestingly enough, MacLean was staying at the same hotel at the very same time.

She made trips to the Netherlands in order to see her brother, a Communist professor from Eastern Germany, who is blacklisted by the French police for having mistreated inmates of the former Natzweiler concentration camp in Alsace-Lorraine. This brother, who traveled with false papers, secretly but regularly came to The Hague in order to meet her there. On these occasions the plan for the disappearance of the two British diplomats was allegedly made.

The woman agent, whose name has not yet been revealed, is about 40. She was active as a Communist in Germany long before the war. She was involved in the Neumann case and finally had to flee to Moscow in 1935. Later she went to England and acquired British citizenship by marriage.

RECORDED - 24

SEP 6 1951

EX - 67

SEP 10 1951

61 SEP 15 1951

File

Signature

Central Intelligence Agency

Foreign Radio Broadcast

SS 1 8-31-51 Section

Page Date

62

11-21-51

(Feature Article: "The Chase for Stalin's Secret Agents--The 'Red Chapel' is Being Revived--Germany in a Web of Conspiracy")

(Summary with Quotations)

Brigadier Dick White, "the best man of British counterintelligence," has left for Western Germany in quest of the missing diplomats, MacLean and Burgess. "Various symptoms indicate that the espionage ring around the two British diplomats is laid notably in Western Germany. Its activities are believed to have some connections with the operations of the 'Red Chapel' group and its successor organizations."

During the war Burgess had contact with numerous German Communists. When employed on the staff of a British clandestine transmitter for the undermining of the morale of German soldiers in France, Burgess met Koenen, president of the East German People's Chamber. At the same time Koenen's son was dropped by a Soviet plane over German territory and subsequently reported to the Berlin headquarters of the 'Red Chapel' spy ring.

"The connections between the successor organizations of the 'Red Chapel' which allegedly received their information mainly from high-ranking officials of the German Foreign Office and the Reich Ministries for Air Transport and Economics on the one hand, and the espionage ring for which MacLean and Burgess are said to have worked on the other, are currently the main point of interest to all intelligence services of the Western Powers investigating the case."

We "have good reason to believe" that the "Red Chapel" is at present being revived, with Greta Kuckhoff as the chief organizer. "There will soon be a proverb that there are three spies in any group of 10 Germans, if our defenseless Nation continues to be exploited as it is today." The web was woven by Greta Kuckhoff in East Berlin, with Communist Tschesner, chief editor of the publishing house Volk und Wissen, and his secretary Rosina as her chief aides. The liaison with Western Germany is established through the branch offices of the Berlin organization of Victims of Fascism--ODF.

Kiel-- Dr. Walter Bartram, placed in a minority position within the Christian Democratic Party, has decided to resign from his position as Minister-President of Schleswig-Holstein. This decision appears to bring to an end the crisis which started one year ago in the Christian Democratic Party of the Land.

"At that time Dr. Bartram had accused Schroeter, regional president of the Party and vice president of the CDU group in the Bundestag, of having committed a fraud against a former Nazi owner of a newspaper and of having denounced his 'victim' to British authorities.

"A court of honor of the Christian Democratic Party recently repudiated Dr. Bartram after having found that no proof of the accusation had been found and that the transfer of property, which had benefited several journalists at the expense of a former editor, was perfectly legitimate. Intervening in his turn, Chancellor Adenauer invited Dr. Bartram to resign. The latter agreed to do so at the very latest at the time of the next session of the Diet--June 25--and as soon as the election of his successor appears to be certain."

B R I E F S

LABOR UNITS--In reply to a query introduced by the SPD parliamentary group, Adenauer stated in a letter to the Bundestag that the German labor service companies employed with the Occupation forces are purely civilian units. The Chancellor stressed that the Allied authorities have explicitly emphasized this and disclosed that in the event of an armed conflict, the German labor service companies will enjoy the protection of international law like any other civilians. They are not a part of the Allied forces, but merely civilian auxiliary organizations. (Hamburg, DPA, June 13, 1951--

ZEITUNG STATUS--Referring to a recent statement by SPD Bundestag Delegate Erwin Schoettle, according to which Adenauer had declared that the FRANKFURTER ALLGEMEINE ZEITUNG had forfeited the right to call itself a semiofficial Government organ, the Federal Press and Information Office stated on June 13 that the newspaper has never been considered or called semiofficial by the Federal Government. (Hamburg, DPA, June 13, 1951--G)

Another important person worth mentioning is Frau Gertrud Hoehler, of Frankfurt, a functionary of the Democratic Women's League, who is said to exercise considerable influence on the SPD and other opposition groups. "Great importance is attached to West German radio stations other than in Hamburg, where the position is already considered to be firmly established."

It has also been learned that the Allied signal control service (Alliierte Funkueberwachung) has discovered new secret transmitters using mysterious code signals. The situation shows that nothing ought to be left undone to curb the activities of the revived "Red Chapel."

SSC

COMMUNICATIONS INDUSTRY
EMPLOYED BY
(EMPL. CARD)

JUL 23 1951

INDEXED - 135

EX-62

JUN 29 1951

Central Intelligence Agency
Foreign Radio Broadcast
SS-5, 6-15-51 Section

C
U.F. de M. Burgess
MACLEAN, BURGESS CONTROVERSY DISCUSSED

u
Vienna, DER ABEND, June 20, 1951--A

(Report from Rome on an article of the London correspondent of the Rome paper UNITA, Franco Galamandrei, on the events leading up to the disappearance of the two British diplomats Maclean and Burgess)

(Excerpts)

"Sir Percy Sillitoe, chief of the British Military Intelligence Service, hurried to Washington after the disappearance of the two diplomats to discuss the case with FBI Chief Hoover. It is known that Hoover produced from the FBI archives too bulging folders with information on Maclean and Burgess. It is significant that the FBI was in possession of so much material about the two diplomats who belonged to the category of persons being watched with particular care by the FBI. The British Foreign Secretary Morrison declared in Parliament that Burgess had been recalled from his post as Second Secretary of the British Legation in Washington because he was 'completely unqualified' to fulfill his duties.

TT-3

"In the meantime it has turned out that his recall was in reality due to a request of the American Government. MacLean too had been recalled from his position at the British Legation in Cairo a year ago because he was inconvenient to the Americans.

"Being in close contact with American diplomacy and aware of every detail in the Anglo-American relations, MacLean and Burgess developed a strong aversion to American political methods, and this was brought to the notice of the American Intelligence Service. Therefore, they were shadowed by the FBI as 'disloyal and dangerous persons.'

"When the FBI agents learned of the intention of the two diplomats to resign their positions in the Foreign Office it was decided to 'liquidate' them to prevent their revealing facts to the public which might strengthen the anti-American trend in England. In view of the danger facing them MacLean and Burgess had no choice but to leave England suddenly and to take refuge in a safe place out of reach of the FBI.

TT-4

INDEXED - 41

NOT RECORDED
16 JUL 13 1951

7/184/
62 JUL 20 1951

File
6
Q17
2000
66
Central Intelligence Agency
Foreign Radio Broadcast
TT-3, 4 6-22-51 Section
Page Date

Office Memorandum • UNITED

GOVERNMENT

TO : Director, FBI

DATE: July 3, 1951

FROM : SAC, New York

SUBJECT: ~~REDACTED~~

d 1-1

Rebulet of acknowledgment June 10th addressed to ~~REDACTED~~ copy of which was sent to NY.

2666

~~REDACTED~~ was contacted on 6/29/51 at which time he stated he had no specific info relating to the disappearance of DONALD E. McLELLAN and GUY H. BURGESS. He said he wrote his letter purely as a patriotic act in the hope that by relating his own experiences it might give a clue to what could have happened to the British diplomats. He said he was as specific as he was able in his letter about his own experience and could add nothing to what he had already said about the Soviet Intelligence Service.

68

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Mr. L. V. Boardman

DATE: 2/27/56

FROM : Mr. A. H. Belmont

SUBJECT: DREW PEARSON BROADCAST
7:45 P.M., STATION WTOP
February 25, 1956

The following items of possible interest to the Bureau were mentioned by Pearson:

ITEM:

The American Embassy, Moscow, reports former British diplomats Guy Burgess and Donald McLean are totally disillusioned by Russia. Both men have very minor jobs in Moscow. McLean is helping prepare minor propaganda broadcasts and Burgess is working as a translator and editor of propaganda pamphlets. Both men are being watched very closely to see that they don't flee back to Britain.

Memorandum for Mr. Boardman

COMMENT:

None.



United States Department of Justice
Federal Bureau of Investigation
Washington 25, D. C.

RECEIVED
FILE NO.

September 29, 1953

Re: MELINDA MAC LEAN
U.S.-born wife of Donald MacLean
Former British Diplomat

On 18 September 1953, on verbal orders of the Commanding Officer, 430th CIO Detachment, this Agent interviewed Major W. L. WYATT, 62, Tactical Command, for information concerning the whereabouts of Mrs. MELINDA MAC LEAN, US-born wife of DONALD MAC LEAN, former official of the British Foreign Office who disappeared in 1951 and is believed to have defected to a country behind the Iron Curtain. Major WYATT stated that a Lieutenant Colonel, who requested to remain anonymous, had informed him that, on Saturday, 12 September 1953, he had boarded the Arlberg Express at Innsbruck, Land Tyrol on his way to St. Johann, Land Salzburg. In the same compartment with the Lieutenant Colonel, there was a young woman with three children, all of whom spoke English. Judging from the conversation, they were going to meet someone whom they had not seen for some time. The Lieutenant Colonel had engaged the children in conversation and gathered that they were going from Switzerland, where they had been attending school. The woman and her three children got off the Arlberg Express at Schwarzach, Land Salzburg. Upon reading the news item about the disappearance of Mrs. MAC LEAN and observing the published picture of the woman, the Lieutenant Colonel realized that she was the same woman who had shared his compartment on the Arlberg Express on 12 September, 1953.

On 18 September 1953, this agent and [REDACTED] proceeded to Schwarzach, Land Salzburg, and interviewed JOHANN PESCHL, the stationmaster, born 1 December 1911 in Vienna, residing at Bahnhofstrasse 18, Schwarzach. PESCHL stated that he was not on duty on 12 September 1953, and that his two assistants, ANTON [REDACTED] and FRANZ [REDACTED], one or both of whom met the trains on that day, are currently on leave. [REDACTED] is in Switzerland and will return to duty on 16 October 1953, and [REDACTED] is in Italy and will return to work on 1 October 1953. PESCHL stated that the Arlberg Express arrived in Schwarzach at 1624 hours. The next trains departing Schwarzach were the slow train (No. 3507) at 130 hours, and the express train (No. 735) at 1755 hours, both going to Villach, Land Carinthia.

Inquiries of the two porters, the waitress at the station restaurant and the ticket-salesman disclosed no information. They were shown subject's picture which appeared on the front page of the 19 September edition of the Stars and Stripes, but failed to recognize subject. U. S. N. stated that the Austrian Federal Railroad (FF) conductors board the Austrian Express at Innsbruck and continue on to Vienna. These men can be identified and contacted through the main AFR in Vienna, Austria.

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

"On 19 September 1953, at the headquarters building, Tactical Command, in the presence of Major WHP and an unidentified captain, this Agent interviewed the source of the above information, a lieutenant colonel, who cautioned that he was to remain anonymous and that his name was not to be mentioned. Source stated that he boarded the Austrian Express in Innsbruck, Tirol, at approximately 6:40 a.m., 19 September 1953, and got off the train in Salzburg, Tirol, at about noon. In the compartment with him was an English-speaking woman with three children; a blond boy of about eight, another blond boy of about six, and a girl, approximately two. The woman spoke English with a British accent, but used American expressions. Source recalled that she remarked that the Austrian train they were riding was cleaner than the Washington-New York train of the Pennsylvania Railroad. She was wearing a black, two-piece suit, cross, 1940s, shiny pants (skeds), and light-colored, low-heeled shoes which rather clashed with the severe black of her attire. She was no fat. The eldest boy had with him a mechanical pop gun, and the little girl carried a doll. Source engaged the children in conversation, and the eldest boy said that they were coming from Switzerland, where they had been attending "the most expensive school in Switzerland". Source also overheard part of the conversation between the children and the woman, when they enquired "...does he have a car?" The conversation indicated that a man whom they had not seen for some time was to meet them at Schwarzach. At a stop somewhere between Innsbruck and Schwarzach, a man, apparently an Austrian, took a seat in the same compartment. The stranger spoke to the woman in German, which she apparently did not understand. He then spoke to her in French, and a short conversation ensued. Shortly thereafter the stranger went to sleep. Source stated that the woman apparently did not know the man - at least she did not appear to recognize him, and she had no particular reaction during the conversation with him. The man remained on the train, traveling toward Salzburg. When the train stopped at Schwarzach, the woman got off with the three children. A porter carried her three items of baggage into the station. The baggage consisted of a blue fabric bag with a zipper, about 2' long;

and 1' 1/2" deep; and two small straw-type bags. Source continued on the train and got off in Salzburg. Source stated that he is entirely sure that the woman in the compartment on that train was Mrs. ELEANOR MAC LEAN, wife of DONALD MAC LEAN, the British diplomat who disappeared in 1951.

"On 19 September 1953, JOHANN PLECHL, Stationmaster, Schwarzach, Land Salzburg, was reinterviewed by this Agent, and informed that the train in question was not the Arlberg Express, but a train that departed Innsbruck at approximately 0600 hours. PLECHL checked his records and verified that the train was the "E" train No. 22h, coming from Switzerland. It was scheduled to depart Innsbruck at 0520 hours, but was 15 minutes late. The train was due in Schwarzach at 0830 hours, but arrived at 0845 hours. The next trains departing Schwarzach, not bound in the direction of Salzburg, were the 1225 slow train to Villach, Land Salzburg, and the 1316 express train, also to Villach. Checking with the station personnel, PLECHL returned with one of the two porters, HILDE GRUBER, who recalled that an English-speaking woman with three children had gotten off the train in question. He confirmed that one of the boys had a toy pistol and the little girl carried a doll. GRUBER had carried her baggage; a blue, light-weight travelling bag, and two round, Italian-type straw hats. She and the children had stopped at the station restaurant, where, he believed, she drank a cup of coffee. Approximately 30 minutes later, GRUBER observed a dark blue, postwar model, 4-door, four-door sedan coming up to the station. The car, which seemed to be in poor repair, carried a Salzburg (Austrian) license plate, the number of which GRUBER could not recall. A man in a grey, European-style suit, bareheaded, entered the station. He was approximately 40 years of age; brown-haired, with a receding hairline; approximately five feet seven inches tall; of slender build, with a thin, pale, clean-shaven face. GRUBER asked him whether he was to meet someone. The man was taken aback, and replied in the affirmative; whereupon, GRUBER directed him to where the woman and three children were. The man had spoken to GRUBER in German, and appeared to be non-American. The man then greeted the woman formally, in English. GRUBER stated that they did not appear to be acquainted - at any rate, their meeting did not indicate that they were good friends. The man paid GRUBER for assisting the woman with the baggage, and then they all left in the car. This Agent then checked with the waitress in the station restaurant, who appeared to recall the woman with two or three children. The waitress thought that she had served the woman a cup of cocoa, and that the woman spoke English and no German. A canvass of the immediate station area indicated no further leads. There are no shops, stands, etc., where people

might have been present and could recall the occurrence. The ticket seller, who has a window opening onto the outside of the station building, could offer no information.

"Agent's Notes: On 21 September 1943, Special Agent W. J. H. St. Johann Field Office, 4304th CIC Sub- detachment A, advised that two British reporters, allegedly of the British News Chronicle, contacted him in an effort to elicit information concerning the whereabouts of subject. They had been talking to Peter Church, the porter at the Schwarzach Railroad Station. One of the reporters gave his name as O'HARE.

"A check of the records of the Gendarmerie, Schwarzwach, by Special Agent GATTE, St. Johann Field Office, 436th GND Amb- Detachment 4, disclosed that HEINZ GATTE, prior to his Schwarzwach Railroad Station, was born on 26 June 1929 in Gersheim, and resided at Kleinriedelung 4, Schwarzwach, Kreis Sulzgau.

[illegible]

UNITED STATES
ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION
WASHINGTON 25, D. C.

IN REPLY REFER TO

SV:CAP

W

Honorable J. Edgar Hoover, Director
Federal Bureau of Investigation
U. S. Department of Justice
Washington, D. C.

Attention: ~~Mr. Tamm~~ *Mr. Tamm*
Subject : DONALD DUART MACLEAN

Dear Mr. Hoover:

Reference is made to summary of information dated June 19, 1951 concerning MacLean and G. F. de M. Burgess, and our reply of July 10, 1951 furnishing an evaluation of the possible damage caused by MacLean as a result of his activities.

We will appreciate receiving any further information which you may be able to furnish concerning MacLean.

Sincerely yours,

J. A. Waters
J. A. Waters
Director
Division of Security

75

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : L. V. Boardman

DATE: Oct. 26, 1955

FROM : A. H. Belmont

SUBJECT: DONALD DUART MACLEAN
GUY FRANCIS DE MONCY BURGESS
ESPIONAGE - R

Re the Director's memo 10/24/55 stating that while in conference with the Attorney General on that date the latter desired to know how Burgess of the British Government secured credentials enabling him to have free movement through the Atomic Energy Headquarters whereas officials of the U. S. Government were closely restricted and supervised in any visits made to Atomic Energy Headquarters.

Mr. Bryan F. LaPlante of the Atomic Energy Commission (AEC) advised on 10/25/55 that Burgess did not have a pass to the AEC headquarters and records of that Commission did not reflect Burgess ever visited AEC headquarters. He advised that according to AEC records, Maclean, upon instructions of Carroll Wilson, the General Manager of the AEC, was issued a non-escort pass, on 11/15/47. This pass was issued to permit Maclean to visit the British Scientific Office located within the AEC headquarters building. The nature of the pass was such that he could go anywhere in AEC headquarters. AEC records indicate that Maclean made approximately 20 visits to the headquarters building. Maclean was the British representative on the committee concerned with atomic energy matters. On 8/22/48 the AEC was notified by the British Scientific Mission that a pass for Maclean to this building was no longer needed.

By memoranda 1/5 and 1/12/54 we advised the Attorney General of the facts relating to Maclean's access to AEC headquarters, including the fact that the pass entitled him to go anywhere in AEC headquarters, and that according to AEC records Burgess had not visited there nor did he possess a pass permitting him access to AEC headquarters.

ACTION: For your information.

HDP:emb

100-374183

CC: [REDACTED]

(5)

76

The Attorney General(orig. & 1)

October 26, 1955

Fayne

Director, FBI

RE: ROBERT LACLEAN;
GUY FRANCIS LE MOULY BURGESS;
ESPIONAGE - R

During our conference on October 24, 1955, you asked me to ascertain, if possible, how Burgess of the British Government secured credentials which would enable him to have free movement through the Atomic Energy headquarters, whereas officials of the United States Government were closely restricted and supervised in any visits they made to Atomic Energy headquarters.

It should be advised that Mr. Bryan L. LaLonde of the Atomic Energy Commission (AEC) advised on October 25, 1955, that Burgess did not have a pass to AEC headquarters and records of that Commission did not reflect that Burgess ever visited the AEC headquarters. Mr. LaLonde stated that according to the Commission's records, LaLonde, upon instructions of Carroll Wilson, then General Manager of the AEC, was issued a non-escort pass on November 15, 1947. This pass was issued to permit LaLonde to visit the office of the British Scientific Mission located within the AEC headquarters building. The nature of the pass was such that LaLonde could go anywhere in AEC headquarters. According to Mr. LaLonde, the Commission's records reflect that LaLonde was approximately twelve visits to the headquarters building. LaLonde was the British representative on the committee concerned with atomic energy matters. LaLonde's pass was cancelled upon the AEC being advised on August 24, 1951, by the British Scientific Mission that the pass was no longer needed. LaLonde returned to England in September, 1951.

MAILED 2

OCT 26 1955

COMM-FBI

1 - 7.1

HDP:emb (9)

NOTE: By notation on memo of Belmont to Boardman, same caption, 10/26/55, HDP:emb, the Director instructed that the above be forwarded to the Atty. General and Deputy AG Rogers.

77

GUY FRANCIS DE MONTY BURGESS

The files of the Central Office, Immigration and Naturalization Service, reflect that GUY FRANCIS DE MONTY BURGESS applied for a non-immigration visa at the United States Consulate at London, England, on July 24, 1950. BURGESS received diplomatic visa, No. 36, dated July 24, 1950. It was reflected that he had in his possession British passport No. 1674591 which had been issued by the British Foreign Office, London, England, July 20, 1950, and was valid to July 20, 1951. BURGESS was admitted to the United States on August 4, 1950, at New York City under visitor's visa No. V-1016533, and was proceeding to the British Embassy, Washington, D.C. to take up his duties as a Second Secretary.

ALAN DUART MACLEAN

The records of the Immigration and Naturalization Service contain an application dated June 26, 1950, at London, England for ALAN DUART MACLEAN whose occupation was given as Government Official. His address was given as 24 Gloucester Walk, London, W-8, England. These records reflected that ALAN MACLEAN was born November 2, 1924, at London, England, and was described as having brown hair and eyes and as being 6'2" tall. The file indicated that he was proceeding as Private Secretary (with local rank of Second Secretary) to serving Sir GLADWYN - JEBB, Principal United Kingdom Representative to the Security Council. Diplomatic non-immigration visa No. 437 was issued to ALAN MACLEAN on June 26, 1950, and it was indicated that he first arrived in the United States by air on June 28, 1950, at New York City traveling on British passport C 311322 which had been issued by the British Consulate General at Hamburg, Germany, and was dated April 24, 1947, valid until April 24, 1952. ALAN MACLEAN was again admitted to the United States at New York City on July 31, 1950, at which time he traveled aboard the SS Mauretania.



DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY
OFFICE OF THE CHIEF OF NAVAL OPERATIONS
WASHINGTON 25, D. C.

IN REPLY REFER TO
Op-3210/10:
Ser 023870F30

19 OCT 1953

TO: J. Edgar Hoover, Director
Federal Bureau of Investigation
Attn: Liaison Section

Subject: MacLEAN, Donald Stuart - with aliases, et al
Espionage - R

Reference is made to your letter of October 5, 1953, file [REDACTED] regarding above captioned person in which you request the maiden name of wife. The Office of Naval Intelligence records reflect that [REDACTED] born in [REDACTED]. There is nothing in ONI or the Bureau of Naval Personnel records which would indicate any relationship between the [REDACTED] and the MacLeans.

C. R. Wilson
C. R. WILSON

RECORDED BY

INDEXED AS

501 153

62 NOV 20 1953

ENCLOSURE

[Handwritten signature]
79

Enclosure (1)

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Director, FBI

DATE: July 5, 1955

FROM : Legal Attache, London

SUBJECT: RONALD DUART MAC LEAN, ET AL
ESPIONAGE - R

Commander D. Reed, U. S. Navy Security Officer, U. S. Embassy, 7 North Audley Street, London, W.1, England, informs that during a meeting with one of his criminal informants, the informant told him that he (informant) received information that subject BURGESS has recently committed suicide in or near Moscow, Russia.

Commander Reed states that at this meeting, the informant merely mentioned this in casual conversation and, therefore, he had no further information. He was asked to again see the informant the following day for further particulars, at which time the informant told Commander Reed that, although he was unable to elaborate on the suicide, the information itself was obtained by him from a person who just returned to England from Russia. The informant evaluated this person as being reliable and stated he would back this person 100%. He was reluctant to disclose the identity of this person, but did state that the person concerned is that he just returned from Russia and

Commander Reed states that his informant is again seeing in about two weeks, after which the Bureau will be immediately informed of any new or additional information. In the interim, Commander Reed requested that no inquiries be made as it might compromise his informant, whom they are currently developing in connection with criminal matters.

MESSAGE

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY
STAFF COMMUNICATIONS OFFICE

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~
ROUTINE

~~CLASSIFIED - NOT RECLASSIFIED~~
~~CONSULT CRYPTOCENTER BEFORE DECLASSIFYING~~
~~NO UNCLASSIFIED REPLY OR REFERENCE TO THIS MESSAGE~~

FROM: CGTRUST TRIESTE
TO : DEPTAR WASH DC FOR G2
NR : TRB 50

241500Z FEB 54

Confidential source report Donald McLean, former British Foreign Office employee, and family located at Via Malins Kiroli Number 3, Budapest. Re: Burgess report to to in Prague. (BOS) info passed locally to British.

To and from P1

[Handwritten signature]

RECORDED UNCLASSIFIED
ON 14 APR 1977
BY GDR USA/ITA FOIC
AUTH PARA 1-603 DOD5200

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

[Handwritten signature]

ACTION: G2

DA IN: 40702

(24 Feb 54)

100/10

RECORDED - 54

[Handwritten mark]

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

RECLASSIFIED

81

DD FORM 375-2 REPLACES GCS FORM 100-1 (EXCEPT MARCH 1954)

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

4201 APR 1954

[Handwritten mark]

May 23, 1957

RECORDED-47 Director, FBI (100-361101) (100-361101)

RONALD EDWART TIGHEMAN
CUT LIVES IN NORTH BRITAIN
ESPIONAGE - R

Colonel A. S. Reddick, Provost Marshal, Ordnance Corps, U. S. Army, has advised that his office has been, in the recent past, investigating charges of homosexuality against several individuals employed or formerly employed by Army Ordnance. He has mentioned this during the course of an interview.

██████████, advised
Kavin had no personal relations with anyone in
London of the British Group. ██████████ also
advised that he had attended ██████████
camp in oral contact with Kavin, and in view of
association, D. C. Colonel Lejeune advised that
██████████ was not employed with Ordnance Corps,
U.S. Army.██████████ was not employed with Ordnance Corps,
U.S. Army.██████████ advised prior to 1945 and was
not been discharged from Government service.



United States Department of Justice
Federal Bureau of Investigation

Washington 25, D. C.
October 1, 1953

IN REPLY, PLEASE REFER TO
FILE NO. _____

Date: September 24, 1953

To: Director, FBI

From: Robert H. Nelson, Office of the Director

Subject: ALVIN KARPIS, et al
FUGITIVE - R

Rebureau September 24 last.

Enclosed herewith for the San Francisco Office are
the Bureau file copies of a newspaper clipping and the
report dated September 22, 1953, captioned
ALVIN KARPIS, et al - FUGITIVE - R
The clipping is from the San Francisco Chronicle dated
September 22, 1953.

Enclosure (1)

cc: [illegible]

Handwritten:
100-440601-1140
100-440601-1142

Handwritten:
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]

62 OCT 21 1953

83



THE JOINT CHIEFS OF STAFF
WASHINGTON, D. C.

MEMORANDUM FOR: Chairman, Joint Chiefs of Staff

Subject: National Security Information Relating
from the Detection of Submarine
Donald Burr, and Guy Burgess
DeWony Burgess

1. A review of the available information indicates that
a high probability exists that Donald Burr, who was
a member of the National Security Council, has been
detected as a spy for the Soviet Union, and that
he is now in the hands of the Soviet Union.

2. The Joint Staff has been advised that Donald Burr
was a member of the National Security Council, and
that he was a member of the Soviet Union. It is
further stated that Donald Burr was a member of the
National Security Council, and that he was a member
of the Soviet Union. It is further stated that
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and that he was a member of the Soviet Union.

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member of the Soviet Union. It is further stated
that Donald Burr was a member of the National
Security Council, and that he was a member of the
Soviet Union. It is further stated that Donald
Burr was a member of the National Security Council,
and that he was a member of the Soviet Union.

100-100000-1000

[illegible]

The image shows a document page that is severely degraded. It features prominent vertical streaks and horizontal banding, which are likely artifacts from the scanning process. The text is mostly illegible due to the high contrast and noise. The layout appears to be a standard document with multiple lines of text, but the specific content cannot be discerned.

[illegible]

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

100-443887-100

WFOG-10100 has access to State Department information, travel plans and policy information that were sent to the UK/Canada projects. AS Code Book supervisor, Henthorn, has access to all State Department codes and others as well as the opportunity to scan all incoming and outgoing communication.

1. The first of these is the fact that the United States has a large and growing population of people who are not citizens of the United States. This is a result of the large number of people who have immigrated to the United States in recent years, and the fact that many of these people are not naturalized citizens.

THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO PRESS

1. The first part of the document is a list of names and their corresponding dates. The names are: John Doe, Jane Smith, and Bob Johnson. The dates are: 1/1/2020, 2/1/2020, and 3/1/2020.

2. The second part of the document is a list of names and their corresponding dates. The names are: John Doe, Jane Smith, and Bob Johnson. The dates are: 1/1/2020, 2/1/2020, and 3/1/2020.

3. The third part of the document is a list of names and their corresponding dates. The names are: John Doe, Jane Smith, and Bob Johnson. The dates are: 1/1/2020, 2/1/2020, and 3/1/2020.

4. The fourth part of the document is a list of names and their corresponding dates. The names are: John Doe, Jane Smith, and Bob Johnson. The dates are: 1/1/2020, 2/1/2020, and 3/1/2020.

5. The fifth part of the document is a list of names and their corresponding dates. The names are: John Doe, Jane Smith, and Bob Johnson. The dates are: 1/1/2020, 2/1/2020, and 3/1/2020.

6. The sixth part of the document is a list of names and their corresponding dates. The names are: John Doe, Jane Smith, and Bob Johnson. The dates are: 1/1/2020, 2/1/2020, and 3/1/2020.

7. The seventh part of the document is a list of names and their corresponding dates. The names are: John Doe, Jane Smith, and Bob Johnson. The dates are: 1/1/2020, 2/1/2020, and 3/1/2020.

8. The eighth part of the document is a list of names and their corresponding dates. The names are: John Doe, Jane Smith, and Bob Johnson. The dates are: 1/1/2020, 2/1/2020, and 3/1/2020.

9. The ninth part of the document is a list of names and their corresponding dates. The names are: John Doe, Jane Smith, and Bob Johnson. The dates are: 1/1/2020, 2/1/2020, and 3/1/2020.

10. The tenth part of the document is a list of names and their corresponding dates. The names are: John Doe, Jane Smith, and Bob Johnson. The dates are: 1/1/2020, 2/1/2020, and 3/1/2020.

NOTES

THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO

(or $\leq n-1$)

1946

— *Journal of the American Medical Association*, 1967, 201: 1031-1032.

1. *Chlorophyll a* and *Chlorophyll b* were determined by the method of Arar and Collins (1971) using a Shimadzu 1601 UV-Visible Spectrophotometer.

[illegible][illegible]

With reference to the first item, I should
 like to state that the information is being
 furnished to you for your information only.
 It is not to be used for any other purpose.
 I am sure you will understand this.

[illegible]

100 - 1

HDI : 0.16

(7)

10TH: He advised the AG in the memo of 11-7-55 that inquiries were being made of JCS concerning the questions in this memo and when answers were received he would be advised.

87

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Mr. A. H. Belmont

DATE: November 10, 1955

FROM : Mr. R. R. Roach

SUBJECT: DONALD DUART MACLEAN;
GUY FRANCIS DE MONCY-BURGESS
ESPIONAGE - R

In memorandum from you to Mr. Boardman dated 11-5-55, an analysis of a memorandum prepared by the Joint Chiefs of Staff (JCS) dated 10-18-55 concerning the national security implications resulting from defection of subjects was made. This memorandum recommended that Liaison contact the JCS to ascertain the basis for two statements which appeared in the 10-18-55 JCS memorandum which statements were: (1) that Maclean and Burgess were protected from exposure and dismissal by highly placed British officials particularly in the foreign office, (2) Basis for conclusion set forth in the JCS memorandum that possibly some U. S. diplomatic codes in existence prior to 5-25-51, are in the possession of the Soviets.

On 11-9-55, SA [REDACTED], Liaison Section, contacted Colonel Robert Totten, Joint Intelligence Group, the Joint Staff, concerning this matter.

[REDACTED]

Concerning the statement regarding compromise of U. S. diplomatic codes, Colonel Totten stated this was based on advice from [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] possibly made available to the Soviets by Burgess and Maclean, U. S. code had been compromised. No factual knowledge was in possession of JCS that either Burgess or Maclean could have had possession of U. S. code to turn over to Soviets.

Dus:jll

(7)

- 1 - [REDACTED]
- 1 - [REDACTED]
- 1 - [REDACTED]
- 1 - [REDACTED]

Memorandum for Mr. Belmont

ACTION:

None. For information.

W. J. R.

[Handwritten notes on lined paper, mostly illegible due to blurring.]

DIRECTOR AND SAC URGENT

██████████ GOVERNESS FOR ██████████

AFFIDAVITS FILED WITH INS.

JUN 21 1951

HWB:ER

EX - 73

50 JUN 28 1971

1951
[Handwritten signature]
 5/25/90

6-11-51

WASHINGTON AND NEW YORK FROM WASH FIELD

11

7:00 P.M.

DIRECTOR AND SAC

DEFERRED

~~XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX~~ ET AL. ESP. DASH R. RECORDS INS REFLECTED GUY

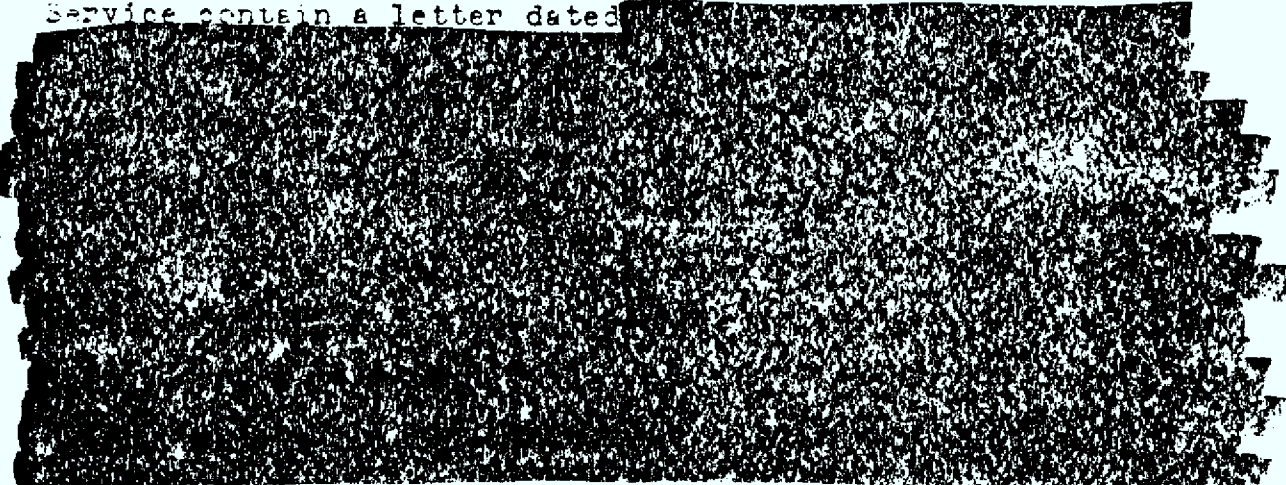
FRANCIS DE MONCY BURGESS APPLIED FOR NON DASH IMMIGRANT VISA AT US
CONSULATE OFFICE LONDON, ENGLAND ON JULY TWENTY FOUR, NINETEEN FIFTY.

RECEIVED DIPLOMATIC VISA NUMBER THIRTY SIX DATED JULY TWENTY FOUR, NINETEEN
FIFTY ISSUED UNDER SEC. THREE PAREN ONE PAREN OF IMMIGRATION ACT NINETEEN
TWENTY FOUR. BURGESS ADMITTED TO US AUGUST FOUR NINETEEN FIFTY AT NEW
YORK AND DESTINED BRITISH EMBASSY, WASH. D.C. TO ASSUME DUTIES OF SECOND
* SECRETARY. TRAVEL DOCUMENT BRITISH PASSPORT NO. ONE SIX SEVEN FOUR FIVE
NINE ONE ISSUED BY BFO LONDON JULY TWENTY NINETEEN FIFTY, VALID TO JULY
TWENTY NINETEEN FIFTY FIVE IN POSSESSION OF BURGESS.

IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION SERVICE

DONALD AND MELINDA MACLEAN

The records of the Immigration and Naturalization
Service contain a letter dated



[REDACTED]

The Immigration and Naturalization file also contains a "Certificate of Admission of Aliens" dated March 28, 1941, reflecting on Manifest No. 13993, that MELINDA MACLEAN, a citizen of Britain, arrived at New York City aboard the SS Scythia on October 3, 1940, on a non-immigration visa No. 2125 issued at London on August 21, 1940. This form reflected her husband as DONALD DUART MACLEAN, 42 Macklenberg Square, London, W.C., England. It was further reflected that MELINDA MACLEAN was destined to visit her mother, MELINDA DUNEAR, [REDACTED] intending to stay six months.

A letter dated November 24, 1941, from DUNEAR to the Immigration and Naturalization Service at Ellis Island, New York, advised that his stepdaughter, Mrs. MELINDA MARLING MACLEAN, returned to England on April 30, 1941, via Clipper to rejoin her husband.

[REDACTED]

The Immigration and Naturalization Service records at Ellis Island verified that Mrs. MACLEAN had left aboard the Dixie Clipper on April 30, 1941.

Immigration and Naturalization Service records further reflect that MACLEAN and his wife departed on the SS Queen Mary from New York on September 1, 1948, destined to 4 Camden House Court, London, W.8. DONALD MACLEAN'S last entry in the United States was listed as April 6, 1947, at New York, and his wife's, MELINDA MACLEAN, last entry in the United States was listed as February 15, 1946, at Baltimore. At the time of departure Mrs. MACLEAN'S address was listed as 3326 P Street, N.W., Washington, D.C.

Verne
copy.

~~XXXXXXXXXX~~

ADDITIONAL
ENCLOSURE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Laboratory Work Sheet

RECORDED
6/15/51 ja

Re: UNSUB. WA

File # [REDACTED]
Lab. # [REDACTED] RE

NO LAB FILE

Examination requested by: SAC, Wash. Field [REDACTED]

Date of reference communication: let. 6/9/51

Date received: 6/13/51

Examination requested: Document

Result of Examination:

Examination by: [REDACTED]

Specimens submitted for examination

- *1 Three page undated letter beg. "Dear [REDACTED]...." and ending
".... will pay the rest T. Burgess," in the/kn lw of GUY FRANCIS
de MONCY BURGESS. purported

NOT RECORDED
144 JL. 26 1951

ENCLOSURE ATTACHED

ENCL

62 JUN 27 1951

95

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

7-3

Laboratory Work Sheet

RECORDED

2-10-54

khl

NE LAB FILE

Re: DONALD DUART MacLEAN;
GUY FRANCIS DEMONCY BURGESS
ESPIONAGE - R

File #

Lab. #

Examination requested by:

Date of reference communication: Bur memo 2-8-54

Date received: 2-8-54

Examination requested: Doc.

Result of Examination:

Examination by:

*Q12 as consul Known Sign Guy Burgess
Not enough genuine known to
establish all his variations in writing*

*2-12-54
WEB*

Q12 Rem #3 Elt type

Specimens submitted for examination

- Q12 White env. add "~~Washington, D. C.,~~" address changed to "~~Washington, D. C.,~~" pm "WASHINGTON, D. C. DEC 24 1953 12-PM."
Q13 Accp. Christmas card signed "GUY BURGESS."

ALSO SUBMITTED: Three clippings from ^{PUNCH} a magazine, attached to a sheet of white paper.

Q13 Guy Burgess to Consul

*Known
Guy Burgess*

Guy B

G. Burgess

G Burgess

Guy Burgess

*Memo
2-12-54
WEB*

96

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Recorded 10-9-51
msh

Laboratory Work Sheet

DE 8

10/9

Re: DONALD DUART MacLEAN, et al
ESPIONAGE - R

File # [REDACTED]
Lab. # [REDACTED]

LAB FILE

Examination requested by: SAC, SAVANNAH ([REDACTED])

Date of reference communication: let. 10-4-51

Date received: 10-8-51

Examination requested: Document

Result of Examination:

Examination by: [REDACTED]

No Concl with Guy Burgess

*10/9/51
W.S.*

Specimens submitted for examination

Q11 Registration card of "The Carlton", Myrtle Beach, S. C., dated February 27, signed [REDACTED] and [REDACTED]

cc Washington Field ([REDACTED])

cc NY

Q.

[REDACTED]

*Burgess
K1
K2
K3*

Mr. N. J. Day

97

*Lab Rpt.
10-10-51
uncl 10/5*

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

7-2

Recorded 9-17-51
msh

Laboratory Work Sheet

DE 12
9/19

Re: DONALD DUART MACLEAN, et al
ESPIONAGE - R

File # ~~100-3-1003~~
Lab. # ~~100-3-1003~~

LAB FILE

Examination requested by: SAC, WFO (~~REDACTED~~)

Date of reference communication: let. 9-14-51

Date received: 9-15-51

Examination requested: Document

Result of Examination:

Examination by: ~~REDACTED~~

*Pres letter cont only 2 printed words
balance in script. These two
words idents 1st Q7-8-9*

*7/15/51
WFO*

Specimens submitted for examination

- Q7 Env. of Sportsman's Hotel, Tulalake, California, pm. Tulalake, Calif.,
Aug. 17, 1951, 10 AM, add. "Agent-in-Charge Federal Bureau of Investigation
Dept. of Justice San Francisco California".
- Q8 First page of accp. letter beg. "Sir: There is possibility, that ~~REDACTED~~
~~REDACTED~~...".
- Q9 Second page of accp. letter beg. "~~REDACTED~~ Address was..." and
ending "...stand by for additional data."

Send photo to Washington Field if original is retained at the Bureau.

*Q7-8-9
S + N Y Y
B H C*

*Lab Rpt.
9-24-51
WFO: 828*

Shurt

98

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICELaboratory Work Sheet

Recorded

7/30/51

EB

Re: ~~XXXXXXXXXX~~; Informant
Coded messages sent by
McLEAN and BURGESSFile # ~~XXXXXXXXXX~~Lab. # ~~XXXXXXXXXX~~ DO✓
LAB FILEExamination requested by: ~~XXXXXXXXXX~~
Memo to Ladd from Nichols

Date of reference communication: July 26, 1951

Date received: 7-30-51

Examination requested: Cryptanalysis

Result of Examination:

Examination by: ~~XXXXXXXXXX~~*Negative as Q1 - Qc4.*Specimens submitted for examination

- Q1 Strip of white paper bearing letters beginning "I H T A E A D R T R ...".
- Qc2 Message from MacLean to his wife beginning "Had to leave unexpectedly ...".
- Qc3 Message from Burgess to his mother beginning "terribly sorry for my silence ...".
- Qc4 Message from MacLean to his mother beginning "I am quite all right ...".

Also submitted: Statement of ~~XXXXXXXXXX~~

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

RECORDED

7-7-51

31

Laboratory Work Sheet

Re: UNKNOWN SUBJECT, was.

ESPIONAGE - R

File #
Lab. #

NO LAB. FILE

Examination requested by: Philadelphia

Date of reference communication: Let. 6-30-51

Date received: 7-3-51

Examination requested: Document

Result of Examination:

Examination by:

Specimens submitted for examination

- 14 Encl. let. on letterhead stationery of the British Embassy
Washington, D.C. "Dear -- Just a short ..."
signed GUY BURGESS.
- 15 Encl. 2 to pm Aug. 25, 1950 and
cop. four-page let., message D.C. "I have just finished ..."
in the known h. of GUY BURGESS.
- 16 Air Mail encl. to pm Sept. 22, 1950,
and cop. three-page let., message D.C. "I trust you received
my ...," containing the known h. of GUY BURGESS.

ENCLOSURE BEHIND FILE

RETURN EVIDENCE